

32nd GST Council Meet Highlights

What is the issue?

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- The 32nd Goods and Services Tax Council meeting announced a series of sops for taxpayers in its recent meet.
- The prime beneficiaries are the micro, small and medium enterprises (MSMEs), with recent changes. $\nline{\lambda}$

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What are the key changes?

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- Exemption threshold The council approved doubling of the exemption threshold under GST regime to Rs 40 lakh.
- States, however, will have the option to choose between the two exemption thresholds of Rs 20 lakh and Rs 40 lakh.
- For the North-eastern and hilly states, the exemption limit has been increased from Rs 10 lakh to Rs 20 lakh. \n
- Composition scheme The annual turnover limit under composition scheme will be increased to Rs. 1.5 crores from current Rs 1 crore. \n
- The special category states comprising of north-eastern states, J&K, HP and Uttarakhand are given one week time to decide upon the composition limit in their respective states.

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• The Council has also introduced a composition scheme for the services sector as well.

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• [Of the nearly 1.17 crore businesses registered under the GST, over 18 lakh have opted for composition scheme.

- Under this, traders and manufacturers can pay taxes at a concessional rate of 1%, while restaurants pay 5%. \n
- While a regular taxpayer has to pay taxes on a monthly basis, a composition supplier is required to pay taxes on a quarterly basis. \n
- They are also not required to keep detailed records compared with a normal taxpayer under GST.]

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- **Software** Free of cost accounting and billing software shall be made available to small taxpayers by GST Network (GSTN).
- **Real Estate** A seven-member group of ministers will be constituted in this regard.

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- It will examine the proposal of giving a composition scheme to boost the residential segment of the real estate sector. \n
- Revenue mobilisation for natural calamities The Council allowed Kerala to levy a 1% disaster cess on intra-state sale of goods and services. (Click <u>here</u> to know more)
- This will be for a period of up to 2 years to mobilise revenues to meet the cost of rehabilitation after the recent floods. \n
- Lotteries A group of ministers shall be constituted to examine the GST rate structure on lotteries.

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What is the significance?

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- The change on exemption threshold will benefit the MSMEs sector which is suffering from the twin effects of demonetisation and GST. \n
- The GST Council seems to have finely balanced the need for providing relief and the concern about slipping revenue collections.
- It has clarified that most of these exemptions will come into effect on April 1, the next financial year.

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• So the impact on revenue collections for this fiscal year has been rightfully

avoided.

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- Significantly, the GST Council also did not make any changes to the tax rates of items and allowed things to settle down. \n

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What lies ahead?

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• Repeated interventions in the form of exemptions and other reliefs can create confusion.

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- There are also concerns with the rising level of frauds (especially on claiming input tax credit) and tax evasions in the GST. \n
- A better idea will be to go in for real reforms by bringing petroleum, the electricity duty and real estate under the GST. \n
- This will cut out the cascade of taxes, raise transparency and widen the tax base.

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- The GST Council should now focus more on these issues so that the process works smoothly, leading to greater revenue mobilisation. \n

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Source: Indian Express, Business Standard

