

Action Plan for 'Champion Services'

Why in news?

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The Union Cabinet has recently approved a Rs 50 billion fund to promote 12 "Champion Services".

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What is the proposal?

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• An action plan for 12 champion services sector was identified by the Ministry of Commerce and Industry.

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• A Rs 5,000-crore fund is proposed to be established to activate the plan for realising the full potential of the sector.

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• The funds will be used to create services-specific plans.

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The sectors identified for special focus are:

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1. IT and IT enabled services (ITeS)

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2. tourism and hospitality

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3. medical value travel

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4. transport and logistics

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5. accounting and finance

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6. audio visual

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7. legal

8. communication

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9. construction and related engineering

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10. environment

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11. financial

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12. education

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• Ministries responsible for these sectors have to come up with the implementation timelines and a monitoring mechanism.

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• This is done under the overall guidance of the Committee of Secretaries (CoS) under the Cabinet Secretary.

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What are the objectives?

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• **Growth** - Services sector now accounts for over half of India's gross domestic product (GDP).

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• The move is expected to promote this further.

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• Through these focus sector, the government also targets raising the gross value added (GVA).

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• Services sector share in GVA is envisioned to be increased from about 53% in 2015-16 to 60% by 2022.

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• **Exports** - The share of India's services sector in global services exports was 3.3% in 2015 as against 3.1% in 2014.

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• The present proposal envisages a goal of 4.2 % to be achieved by 2022.

• Increased productivity and competitiveness of the champion service sectors will further boost exports.

• Jobs - Consequently, it is also expected to create more jobs.

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What is the significance?

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- The decision reflects a recognition of the critical role of the services sector.
- Manufacturing has not delivered the kind of employment potential that the government had hoped for.
- A dynamic services sector, on the other hand, holds out far greater promise in this respect.

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What are the concerns?

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• The issue of the foundations on which to build a strong services sector is uncertain.

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• Services, by definition, are people-intensive.

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- But the present scenario is that basic functions are increasingly automated.
- Naturally, job opportunities will only lie higher up in the value chain of the knowledge economy.

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What should be done?

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• Opportunities from the kind of relatively sophisticated services have to be maximised.

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• It demands a far higher standard of basic social infrastructure than India has at present.

• **Education** - India urgently needs to improve the all-round standard of education.

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• This is essential to provide for the knowledge workers to support India's IT and ITeS expansion.

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- \bullet Setting aside the IITs and IIMs, the delivery of most vocational and professional education lies in the private sector domain. \n
- However, the quality standards of these are widely varying.
- Spending funds on creating an "IIT/IIM" education model for these "champion services" could be a good start.
- **Enabling environment** Merely creating superior knowledge workers will be a zero-sum game if the enabling environment remains constrictive.
- India's long experience with brain drain stands as a proof for this.
- **Regulations** The whole exercise should also involve streamlining rules and regulations.

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• Increasing protectionism and regulations that restrict foreign investments should be given a relook.

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- \bullet Championing services demands a hard look at such micro-issues too. $\ensuremath{\backslash n}$
- \bullet Besides, the Champion Services programme would do well to build on this experience for other sectors of the economy too. $\$

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Source: Economic Times, Business Standard

