

# **Article 370 Scrapped Off**

### Why in news?

The Indian government scrapped off the Article 370 of Indian Constitution recently.

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## What did happen?

- The Government of India **ended the Jammu & Kashmir's special status** in the Indian Union.
- It was done by **scrapping off Article 370** of our Constitution.
- This extended all provisions of the Constitution to the State in one go and allowed all citizens to buy property and vote in the State.
- It divided the region into two Union Territories are Jammu and Kashmir with legislature and Ladakh without legislature.
- The government has adopted a highly militarist approach to separatism.

#### How was Article 370 scrapped off?

- In the present scenario, J&K has been represented by an unelected Governor appointed by the Centre.
- The Parliament has ventured to ratify the conversion of a State into 2 Union Territories without any recommendation from the State.
- In sum, the process to change the constitutional status of a sensitive border State has been achieved without any legislative input or representative contribution from its people.
- It will not only strain the social fabric in Jammu and Kashmir but also affects the principles of federalism, parliamentary democracy and diversity.

## What will be the impacts?

- The **founding fathers recognised** that Article 370 was a transitional or temporary provision.
- There was a clear subtext in it that says its revocation would only happen once the **consent of the people** of the State was obtained.
- The move will be **legally challenged** on grounds of procedural infirmities and, that it undermines the basic feature of the compact between Delhi and

Srinagar that was agreed upon in 1947.

- The challenge would centre around the question whether such step could be achieved in the absence of a representative government.
- The **real test will be on the streets** of Srinagar, Jammu and Delhi once the security cordon is lifted from the State.
- The unwillingness to enter into consultation with the mainstream political leaders was inappropriate.

#### What was the government's rationale?

- The move is clearly embedded in the larger geopolitics of the region.
- The mutual trust and friendship among U.S. and Pakistan is growing.
- There is repeated 'offer' by the U.S. President to meditate in Kashmir may have precipitated the decision.
- Regional alliances were also marginalising Indian interests in the heartland of the region. e.g Belt Road Initiative.
- These suggested that Kashmir could become even more vulnerable to external elements than it was in the past.
- So the government believed that a settlement in Jammu and Kashmir and its 'pacification' was vital for India's national security.

## What could be done in the interim?

- The new doctrine will have to persuade the Jammu and Kashmir people that greater integration with India will,
  - 1. Provide them with more opportunities,
  - 2. Provide more freedom and space, and
  - 3. Strengthen their rights much more than the alternatives proposed by other mainstream parties or separatists.
- If this plan to bring harmony between New Delhi and Srinagar works, it will have performed an extraordinary national service.

#### Source: The Hindu

