

Changes and challenges of FC

What is the issue?

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- Union government will soon constitute the 15^{th} Finance Commission (FC). \n
- It is significant to take a look at the changes and challenges faced by earlier commissions.

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What is the brief role of finance commission?

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- Article 280 of the Constitution requires that a Finance Commission be constituted to recommend the distribution of the net proceeds of taxes between the Centre and states, and among the states.
- The framers of the Constitution were seeking to address the vertical imbalance between the taxation powers and expenditure and responsibilities of the federal government and the states.
- \bullet And the horizontal imbalance, or inequality, between states that were at different stages of development. $\mbox{\sc horizontal}$
- Ensuring inclusiveness is, therefore, a key mandate of the Finance Commission.

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- That means assigning weights to things like population, the fiscal distance between the top ranked states and the others, etc.
- It is not that the best-performing state will be allocated the highest share even if delivery execution and governance are better rather, the effort will be to narrow the development gap between states.
- The Commission's biggest role has been to uphold the country's federal

structure, and to be an architect of fiscal restructuring from being mainly an arbitrator between the Centre and states.

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What are major changes and challenges of FC over the years?

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• **Members of the commission** -The Finance Commission Rules, 1951, lay down the criteria for being members of the constitutional body:

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1. Those having special knowledge of finance and accounts of government with wide knowledge.

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- 2. experience in financial matters and in administration, or with special knowledge of economics, and
- 3. Those who have been qualified to be appointed as a judge of a High Court.

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• In the years following the reforms of the 1990s, Commissions have been headed by reputed economists and administrators.

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- In 2015, the Planning Commission in its old structure and form has been dismantled, and has been replaced with the Niti Aayog.
- ullet 12th FC had suggested to the government that it could alternate between an economist and a political figure such as a former state Finance Minister to be the Chairman.

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• Transfer of resources - Between the Centre and the states, is the scale of distribution of tax proceeds has been changed from 10% of the total tax receipts of the Centre in 1950, to a record 42% after the recommendations of $14^{\rm th}$ FC

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 \bullet It is a share that makes previous awards look conservative, and sits well with the spirit of cooperative federalism. $\mbox{\sc h}$

- **Lending equation** 12th FC, rather than the Centre borrowing and then lending to states, it recommended that states be allowed to borrow directly.
- \bullet Since then, the debt obligation of states to the Centre has come down significantly, the problem is with the repaying capability of the states. \n
- \bullet Grants that were recommended by the Commission are however conditional which may also have been criticised. \n

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What are the challenges before the 15th FC?

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 Approach of the government on the composition of the Fifteenth Finance Commission, whether it will follow the convention of having a member of the (erstwhile) Planning Commission as a part-time member or a different approach is dubious.

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- \bullet Taking into account of the collections by each state after the roll out of the GST,the criteria for distribution of resources needs to be reviewed. \n
- The challenge now is due to the share of net tax proceeds between the central government and states is almost equal.
- Rising the bar on higher transfer(42%) of resources will have a much bigger impact on the federal government.
- \bullet Constitutional amendment is needed to fix a ceiling on the distribution of the net tax proceeds among states. \n

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Source: Indian Express

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