

# **Communication Policy for RBI**

#### What is the issue?

 $n\n$ 

Given the dynamic economic situation, it is increasingly essential for the RBI to have a better communication policy in place.

 $n\n$ 

#### What are the recent concerns?

 $n\n$ 

\n

- **Uncertainty** The economy is recovering from demonetisation and is implementing a path-breaking fiscal instrument, the GST.
- In these uncertain times, when guidance is most needed, the monetary policy document has been shrinking.
- The time dedicated by the RBI management to interact with the media is also shrinking.

\n

• **Monetary policy** - Illustratively, signals given in the last monetary policy of the RBI are hazy.

\n

- It acknowledges that growth of real gross value added accelerated in the last quarter after five consecutive quarters of deceleration.
- However, a deeper look into sector wise growth trends reveals that the growth is uneven.

\n

- Evidently, growth in the coming quarters cannot scale very high to achieve an annual average of 6.7 per cent in 2017-18.
- $\bullet$  The disputed communications leave scope for doubts and uncertainty among the public, economists and the business class. \n

## How significant is communication?

 $n\$ 

\n

- **Guidance** Besides monetary policy formulation, RBI is tasked with banking regulation, management of external sector and government debt.
- $\bullet$  There are constant challenges in each of these sectors and the public, including economic analysts, seek guidance from the RBI.  $\$
- **Governance** Communication helps in making the RBI <u>transparent</u> and contributes to its reputation and <u>accountability</u>.
- In a market-determined liberalised economic environment, systematic communication helps achieve <u>monetary policy effectiveness</u>.
- Compulsions to communicate contribute to improving the <u>quality of decision</u> <u>making</u> and provides a helpful feedback.
- $\bullet$  In uncertain times, communication policy assumes added <u>responsibility</u> in view of abundant online information which is sometimes misleading. \n
- **Economy** Empirical evidence highlights that better communication policy reduces <u>market uncertainty</u>.
- Growth predictions from RBI should be in line with its <u>interest rate decisions</u> that play a significant role in handling <u>inflation</u> and growth.
- $\bullet$  For credibility, convincing communications are essential from the RBI on explaining the following:  $\ensuremath{\backslash n}$

 $n\n$ 

\n

- i. econometric model for growth prediction
- ii. rationale behind interest rate decisions
- iii. true inflation pictures

 $n\n$ 

\n

• In all these ways, communication's role is as significant as being recognised

as a monetary policy tool in itself.  $\n$ 

 $n\$ 

### What could be done?

 $n\n$ 

\n

- It is essential that RBI have in place a systematised communication policy.
- The RBI could consider bringing out a summary of the economic and business conditions prevailing in the country.
- E.g. Beige Book of US Fed, Agents report of the Bank of England.
- $\bullet$  Similarly, RBI could consider theme-based research seminars, conferences and workshops on topics that need urgent attention. \n
- $\bullet$  Conferences could also encourage academic participation by providing the opportunity to publish research papers.  $\mbox{\sc h}$

 $n\$ 

 $n\$ 

**Source: BusinessLine** 

\n

