

## **Concerns with gene editing**

### **Why in news?**

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US scientists corrected disease-causing gene mutation in a human embryo.

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### **What is the experiment about?**

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- CRISPR/Cas9 is a gene editing technology which has been used.
- It is used by researchers to replace short DNA sequences with genetic material of their choice.
- Scientists proved that there is also a chance to knock out disease-causing genetic mutations that parents pass on to their children.
- Mutations linked to diseases like breast and ovarian cancers or cystic fibrosis can also be eliminated.
- Correcting the mutation in the gene would also prevent the mutation from being passed on to future generations.

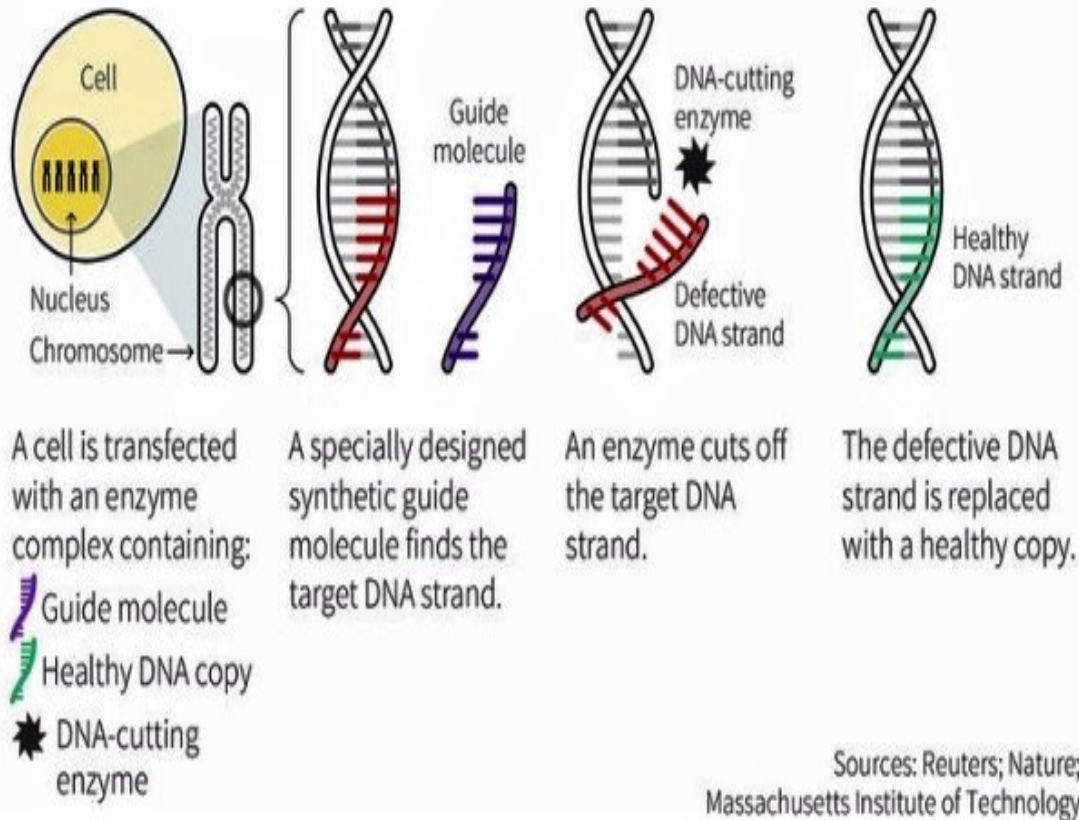
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# DNA editing

A DNA editing technique, called CRISPR/Cas9, works like a biological version of a word-processing programme's "find and replace" function.

## HOW THE TECHNIQUE WORKS



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## What are the issues with the experiment?

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- One of its controversial applications is modifying the genes of eggs, sperm, or early embryos to alter a human life.
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- This could result in "designer babies" i.e the ability to create smarter or more athletic humans.
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- The implications of introducing modified genomes into the human gene pool are vastly unknown.
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- Creating children with preferred traits also raised bio-ethical concerns as it goes against natural process.

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- If this technology becomes a realistic, the wealthy would be able to afford the selection of desirable traits in their offspring, while those of lower socioeconomic standing would not be able to access the same options.

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- As a result, economic divisions may grow into genetic divisions, with social distinctions delineating enhanced individuals from unenhanced individuals.

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## **What should be done?**

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- Experiments to change the human germ line are banned in much of Europe but are legal in the US and China.

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- Though they are in a premature stage, it is to be monitored that the scientific community suggest unavoidable legislative challenges as more advances are made.

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- It is also to be noted before placing a blanket ban that every advancement in reproductive health, starting from in vitro fertilisation to the recent birth of a baby through the “three parent” technique for mitochondria-related disease, has initially been stuck in controversy.

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**Source: The Hindu, Live Mint**

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