

# **CSR in Higher Education**

## What is the issue?

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- Companies Act, 2013 initiated mandatory corporate social responsibility (CSR) to transform the business-society relationship.  $\n$
- But the results so far have not been encouraging, particularly in the higher education sector.  $\$

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#### How is CSR performance?

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- Around 5,000 companies have filed annual reports till December 2016.  $\slashn$
- Among them, only around 3,000 companies had made some contribution towards CSR expenditure.

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- Companies had spent around 75% of the prescribed CSR expenditure and most of it to the Prime Minister's Relief Fund.  $\n$ 

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#### What are the concerns?

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• **Companies** - CSR offers scope for corporations to play a leadership role in contributing to society.

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- But there has been very little strategic thinking and innovation under CSR.  $\space{\space{1.5}n}$
- As, companies view CSR more as a charitable endeavour and fail to understood its larger goals.

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- Higher education and universities need to receive significantly more attention under the CSR framework.  $\nlambda{n}$ 

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- **Government** There is lack of coordination between the Ministry of Human Resource Development and the MCA.
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- MHRD should provide for a road map that incentivises CSR funding to be made available for universities.

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# How could CSR contribute to higher education?

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- Need Government has initiated five major reforms in regulation, accreditation, rankings, autonomy and internationalisation.  $\n$
- However, building world-class universities and upgrading existing ones require funding. \n

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• **Measures** - Some of the measures as recommended by an earlier committee include:

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- i. provision of free land n
- ii. deduction in taxable income to companies for contributions towards boosting higher education
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- iii. 10-year multiple entry visas for foreign research scholars  $\n$
- iv. Rs.1,000 crore scholarship fund (with tax exemption for corporate sector contributions)

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• However, these recommendations were not implemented.

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#### What is the way forward?

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• There is an urgent need for policy intervention in the higher education sector.

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• A thorough re-examination of budgetary resources for higher education is essential.

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• This should include aspects of loans, grants and philanthropy in higher education sector.

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- Universities and related funding should be designated a priority sector to encourage banks to offer credit.  $\n$
- Particularly, leadership in philanthropy is central to enabling an institutional vision.  $\slaship$
- Corporate Social Responsibility could provide a larger scope in this regard.  $\n$

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## Source: The Hindu

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