

Cyber Attack on Indian Agencies

Why in news?

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There was a major technical snag in NSE that forced suspension of equity trading for nearly three hours.

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What happened?

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• NSE's cash segment could not open normally in the morning due to "technical reasons".

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- The derivative segment was also shut down immediately after as it is not possible to continue trading in derivatives while the cash segment is shut. \n
- After two false starts, trading resumed mid-day. $\space{\space{1.5}n}$
- The halt has an estimated trade loss of about 7000 crores. $\slash n$
- This is currently being investigated on the lines of a "possible cyberattack."

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What is a cyber-attack?

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- Cyber-attack is any type of offensive plan that targets computer information systems by malicious acts from an anonymous source. \n
- It is to either steal, alter, or destroy a specified target by hacking into a susceptible system.

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- These can be labelled as either a cyber-campaign, cyber warfare or cyber terrorism in different context.
- Cyber-attacks can range from installing spyware on a PC to attempts to destroy the infrastructure of entire nations \n

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What are the events of cyber-attacks in India?

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- + 72% of Indian companies faced cyber-attacks in 2015. $\space{1.5mu}_n$
- There has been an exponential rise in Ransomware cases in the last one year.

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- In 2016, security codes of around 32 lakh debit cards were breached. $\space{\space{1.5}n}$
- Several users reported unauthorised transactions from locations in China. $\ensuremath{\sc n}$
- There are increasing number of data thefts among the civilians. $\space{\space{1.5}n}$

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What are the recent attacks?

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- The recent attack created cyber security threats to major Indian companies RJio, Airtel and NSE \n
- **RJio** Personal data such as Aadhaar details of the telecom users has been published in a website.
- Airtel The Radio Access Network went down for more than an hour in and around Delhi.
- There was a network outage in Delhi/NCR and one of the network nodes had been corrupted.

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What is the reason for the vulnerable cyber systems?

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- Various telecom giants are using the telecom products which are manufactured from china.
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- Lack of importance given by government and private sectors in appointing cyber security professionals. γn
- No proper understanding about the cyber space. $\slash n$
- No ridged bilateral policies on cyber-attacks. $\slash n$
- No Stronger framework to trace or punish the offenders. $\slash n$

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How cyber issues can be addressed by the government?

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- The Home Ministry is preparing an internal cyber security policy as it is required under the national plan. $\$
- The government already started working on a customised cyber security policy for each ministry and department.
- Strong MO U's on Cyber security should be made between various agencies and neighbouring nations.
- The exchange needs to have plans to handle minor malfunctions that affect one segment of trading. \n
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India, needs to include trading back-up, channels of communication and investor redress mechanisms. \n

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Quick facts

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Indian Computer Emergency Response Team

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- (CERT-In) is an office within the Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology.
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- It is the nodal agency to deal with cyber security threats like hacking and phishing.
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- It strengthens security-related defence of the Indian Internet domain. $\space{\space{1.5}n}$
- They exchange information on prevalent cyber security policies and best practices.

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- There are MoUs signed between nations by this agency. $\slash n$

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Ransomware

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Ransomware is a type of malicious software that threatens to publish the victim's data or eternally block access to it unless a ransom is paid.

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Source: The Hindu, Business Line

