

# **Draft Aircraft Security Rules 2022**

## Why in news?

The Ministry of Civil Aviation has notified the Draft Aircraft Security Rules, 2022.

#### What will the draft do?

The Bureau of Civil Aviation Security, under the Ministry of Civil Aviation, is the aviation security regulator.

- The draft Aircraft Security Rules, 2022 will enable the Bureau of Civil Aviation Security (BCAS) to impose a fine of Rs. 50 lakh to Rs. 1 crore on airports and airlines (depending on the size of the company) for violation of security measures.
- Once the draft Rules are finalised, the BCAS can impose a fine on airports and airlines,
  - if they fail to prepare and implement a security programme, or
  - if they commence operations without seeking a security clearance.
- Individuals will also face penalties ranging from Rs. 1 lakh to Rs 25 lakh depending on the nature of offence.
- The BCAS will also be able to suspend or cancel an entity's airport security clearance and security programme.

## What are the other proposed changes?

- The rules also require each entity to protect its information and communication technology systems against unauthorized use and prohibit disclosure of sensitive aviation security information.
- This will help the entities to deal with cyber security threats.

• The rules authorize airports to engage private security agents instead of the CISF personnel at "non-core areas" and assign security duties as per the recommendation of the National Civil Aviation Policy, 2016.

#### What is the need for the amendment?

- The amendment was required after the United Nation's aviation watchdog, International Civil Aviation Organisation (ICAO), raised questions about the three regulators functioning without statutory powers.
- The Aircraft (Amendment) Bill 2020 sought to amend the Aircraft Act of 1934.
- It seeks to provide statutory status to the
  - 1. Directorate General of Civil Aviation (DGCA),
  - 2. Bureau of Civil Aviation Security (BCAS), and
  - 3. Aircraft Accidents Investigation Bureau (AAIB).
- It seeks to expand the role of the two regulators, DGCA and BCAS.

#### **References**

- 1. The Hindu | Civil Aviation Ministry notifies draft Aircraft Security Rules, 2022
- 2. ICAO | International Civil Aviation Organisation

#### **Quick Facts**

# **International Civil Aviation Organisation**

- The International Civil Aviation Organisation (ICAO) is a United Nations (UN) specialized agency.
- It is funded and directed by 193 national governments to support their diplomacy and cooperation in air transport as signatory states to the Chicago Convention (1944).
- It is headquartered in Montreal, Canada.

- Its core function is
  - 1. to maintain an administrative and expert bureaucracy (the ICAO Secretariat) supporting these diplomatic interactions, and
  - 2. to research new air transport policy and standardization innovations as directed and endorsed by governments through the ICAO Assembly, or by the ICAO Council which the assembly elects.
- Industry and civil society groups, and other concerned regional and international organizations, also participate in the exploration and development of new standards at ICAO in their capacity as 'Invited Organizations'.
- In addition to these core diplomatic and research capabilities, ICAO serves as a critical coordination platform in civil aviation through its seven Regional Offices.

