

Electrification of Railways

Why in news?

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• Indian Railways (IR) is working on reducing fuel costs and carbon footprint through electrification of routes. The project is expected to be completed by 2021.

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What is the plan of the project?

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• Earlier it was targeted to electrify 18,000 route kilometres (rkm) by the year 2020.

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- By the action plan of November 2016 the target is raised 24,000 rkm by 2021that is to cover 6,000 km every year. \n
- For accelerated execution, electrification projects are being funded under EBR (institutional finance of Germany).
- Also, IR has joined hands with three public sector undertakings IRCON, RITES and PGCIL and expects to reduce its fuel bill by Rs 10,000 crore annually through electrification of major routes.
- Electrifications also involves two dedicated freight corridors (DFCs) on which work is currently underway will both sport electrified lines. \n

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1. The Western DFC will cover 1,504 km of.

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2. The Eastern DFC will cover a route length of 1,856 km. n

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What are the reasons for electrification?

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- Electric traction is much cheaper and efficient compared with diesel traction. \n
- Running trains on electric traction is 50 per cent cheaper than diesel. $\space{\space{1.5}n}$
- Electric multiple units (EMUs) are ideal for suburban services, which require higher acceleration and braking features for frequent starts and stops. \n
- For seamless movement, modernisation in areas such as signalling and telecom.

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• To reduce the carbon footprint. n

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What are the advantages of electrifying railways?

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- The speed and throughput are better owing to faster speeds.
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- Rate of return on capital is very high when compared to conventional engines.

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• Lower operational and maintenance cost.

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- Reduction in foreign exchange exchequer, due to zero fuel usage. $\slash n$
- Use of technology, like rail wire for providing internet. $\slash n$

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Way forward:

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- According to reports of CRISIL a risk analysis company, the ramp-up would be slightly slower as contractors would need some time to scale up. \n

- Also, the upward bias to electrification outlook is subject to availability ofelectric locomotive capacity and funds,since it involves Rs 1.2 crore per km and.
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- Electrification is strictly important as India is a signatory of UNFCCC for reducing the carbon emissions, this initiative is highly welcomed. \n
- Indian government instead of planning in introduction of bullet trains can concentrate more on upgrading the present railway system to global standards.

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\nSource: Indian express

