

Eleven Point Action Agenda for Counter-Terrorism

Why in news?

\n\n

PM Narendra Modi presented an 11-point action agenda for counter-terrorism in the G20 Summit.

\n\n

What are the 11 points?

\n\n

- \n
- Adoption of Comprehensive Convention on International Terrorism.
- \n
- Effective implementation of United Nations Security Council resolutions and other international resolutions.
- \n
- Exchange of best practices and **process of de-radicalisation** of terrorism through G-20 countries.
- \n
- Closure of terror funding with the help of Financial Action Task Force.
- \n
- **Weapons and Explosive Action Task Force** must be formed to stop arms trading to a terror organisation.
- \n
- Firm and deterrent action must be taken against those countries who support terrorism and these countries must be barred from G20 summit.
- \n
- Countries attending G20 summit must exchange lists of designated terrorists and must take action against them and their supporters.
- \n
- For those arrested for terror activities, **the process of extradition** must be simplified.
- \n
- Concrete support among G-20 countries for **Cyber Security** to stop terror activities.
- \n
- G-20 countries must form National Security Advisors on Counter Terrorism.

\n

\n\n

Quick Fact

\n\n

G 20

\n\n

\n

- The Group of Twenty is an international forum for the governments and central bank governors from **20 major economies**.

\n

- Membership: 19 individual countries plus the European Union (EU).

\n

- Collectively, the G20 economies account for around 85% of the gross world product (GWP), 80% of world trade.

\n

- Founded in 1999, the G20 aims to discuss policy issues pertaining to the **promotion of international financial stability**.

\n

- The G20 heads of government have periodically conferred at summits since their initial meeting in 2008.

\n

- It also hosts separate meetings of finance ministers and foreign ministers due to the expansion of its agenda in recent years.

\n

\n

