

Gaganyaan G1 mission

Why in News?

The Indian Space Research Organisation (ISRO) began the 'stacking,' or assembly, of HLVM3 at the Satish Dhawan Space Centre, Sriharikota.

- It is the 1^{st} of 3 un-crewed test missions that will lead up to India's maiden human spaceflight.
- **Aim** To mimic end to end the actual flight and <u>validate critical technologies and</u> <u>capabilities</u> including the Human-rated Launch Vehicle Mark-3 (HLVM3).
- **Activity** It will *place the orbital module* in a 170 km x 430 km elliptical orbit around the earth.
- Once the orbital module de-orbits, the <u>crew module will separate for controlled re-</u> <u>entry</u> into the earth's atmosphere and splashdown in the Bay of Bengal

December 18, 2024 coincides with the 10th anniversary of the sub-orbital Crew Module Atmospheric Re-entry Experiment **(CARE) mission** of 2014.

- **HLVM3** Human rated launch vehicle, HLVM3, is derived from LVM3 and designed with enhanced *reliability to meet human safety considerations*.
- It is *a 3-stage vehicle* with a payload capacity of about *10 tonnes to LEO*.
- The vehicle is 53 meters tall and weighs 640 tonnes.
- Orbital module components The <u>service module and the crew module</u> together make up the <u>orbital module</u>
- The crew module is progressing at the *Vikram Sarabhai Space Centre*, at Thumba in Kerala.
- Once the crew module is ready, it will be transferred to the *U.R. Rao Satellite Centre* (*URSC*), *Bengaluru*, for integration with the service module.
- After a series of tests including thermo-vacuum tests at the URSC, the orbital module will be transported to Sriharikota to be placed aboard the launch vehicle.
- The crew module is connected to the c*rew escape system* which is placed at the very top.

Orbital Module Components	Launch Vehicle components
Service Module	S200 solid rocket boostersL110 liquid stageC32 cryogenic stage

References

- 1. The Hindu| Integration of Components of Gaganyaan G1 Mission
- 2. ISRO| HLVM3

