

# **GDP Surprise**

# Why in news?

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CSO has released the data for the third quarter of 2016-17 (Oct-Dec) and concluded that the GDP in Q3 grew by 7% and the growth rate for the whole year would be 7.1%.

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# Did demonetisation impact economic growth?

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- The CSO data did not answer that question.  $\space{\label{eq:linear} \space{\label{eq:linear} \space{\label{eq:linear} \space{\label{eq:linear} \space{\space{\label{eq:linear} \space{\space{\label{eq:linear} \space{\space{\label{eq:linear} \space{\space{\label{eq:linear} \space{\space{\label{eq:linear} \space{\space{\label{eq:linear} \space{\space$
- The argument that demonetisation did not and will not have a negative impact on the economy is very hollow and immature.  $\n$
- Even the former CSO chief statistician, after reviewing the data, has concluded that the data (of  $3^{rd}$  quarter) is deficient and the growth rate for the whole year is likely to be revised downward to 6.5%.
- After the **changeover to the new methodology**, the CSO publishes estimates of Gross Value Addition (GVA) and GDP.  $\n$
- GVA growth rates during three years is given below:  $\slash n$

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	*	George darrow	
Whole year	6.94	7.83	6.67 (est)
Q4	6.19	7.42	?
Q3	6.29	6.95	6.61
Q2	7.91	8.44	6.69*
Q1	7.26	7.75	6.89*
	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17

\*after downward revision

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- Demonetisation affected every sector of the economy except three.  $\n\$ 

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- it did not affect government expenditure. And the govt actually increased its spending after November 8, 2016;
- $\circ$  it **did not affect the monsoon.** Since it was bountiful, it boosted agricultural production; and
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- it did not affect the revenues of utilities. Actually demonetised notes were allowed to be used for paying utility bills.

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• Therefore, if we look at the GVA growth rates after excluding government, agriculture and utilities, it will show the real picture of the economy. And it looks like this:

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	2015-16	2016-17
Q1	9.26	7.35
Q2	9.82	6.47
Q3	9.98	5.73
Q4	8.76	?

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#### What conclusion can be made from above?

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- From the above data, it is clear that economic growth in the non-government, non-agricultural economy slowed down since Q4 of 2015-16.  $\n$
- Demonetisation that happened in the middle of Q3 actually **accelerated the decline of economic growth.**

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### Why the situation is still bleak?

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• While the GVA/GDP data may have given a surprise, other **indicators point to an economy that is not investing more**, not producing more and not creating more jobs.

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- Compare the GVA growth numbers in Q3 of 2015-16 and Q3 of 2016-17. In the Mining, Manufacturing, Construction, etc., the GVA growth number has declined sharply in 2016-17.  $\normalfont{\sc n}$
- In Q3 of 2016-17, the Index of Industrial Production (IIP) recorded a meagre growth of 0.2%.
- Bank credit growth to industry was negative at 4.3%.  $\slash n$
- By September 2016, net fixed assets of all firms had declined by 9.36%.

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- When data for the informal sector is also captured, the GVA growth number will be moderated and will be lower.  $\gamman n$ 

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### **Source: The Indian Express**

