

# **Impacts of Poor Work Environments**

#### Why in news?

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Recent studies has revealed that depression and stress are increasing among employees in private sector.

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## What are the findings of the study?

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- Two recent studies have found that depression, anxiety and stress prevail among 43-46 per cent of employees in India's private sector.  $\n$
- The harmful side effects of "management toxicity" are affecting more and more Indians.
- Some one-eighth of the 800,000 suicides across the world annually are literate Indians potentially employed or employable.
- India is the world capital for diabetes, and cardio ailments are affecting more and more Indians in their thirties.

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## What are the reasons behind these issues?

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• Demanding work schedules, high pressure on Key Performance Indicators linked to higher perquisites, and the always-on mobile phone syndrome are the top three culprits.

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• Improper sleep, relationship issues, poor eating habits, lack of exercise, lifestyle issues such as EMI troubles and peer pressure to maintain luxurious lifestyles complete the list.

• Unhealthy workplaces diminish employee engagement, increase turnover, and reduce job performance, while driving up health insurance and health-care costs.

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### How work environments contribute to these factors?

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- For white collar workers the stress at work is intangible and doesn't get measured which results in an ever-higher physical and psychological toll.  $\n$
- An empirical studies found that long work hours are associated with adverse health including cardiovascular disease, diabetes, and disability.  $\n$
- Working overtime was associated with a 61 per cent higher injury rate.  $\slashn$
- There are also various evidence which shows significant positive mean correlations between overall health symptoms and hours of work.  $\n$

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## What measures needs to be taken?

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• Employees must comprehend what constitutes health risks in their work environments and choose their employers based on the stress-related dimensions of work.

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- Employees need to learn how to say "No" when it is right to say so and to adhere to time management principles.
- $\bullet$  Employers will need to determine the costs of their toxic management practices in terms of both direct medical costs and indirect costs.  $\n$
- Respective governments' needs to take action on the externalities created when enterprises retrench people who were physically and psychologically damaged at work.
  - \n Societie:
- Societies also need social movements to advocate human sustainability and better work environments are as important as environmental sustainability.  $\n$

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### **Source: Business Standard**

