

## India's Business Rating Upgrades

### What is the issue?

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- Government has suggested that Moody's rating upgrade for India reflects the impacts of structural reforms and fiscal discipline.

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- The rating agency's optimistic view of India should be seen in perspective.

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### What were the reforms & acknowledgements?

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- The structural reforms ushered in include - implementing GST, constituting the Monetary Policy Committee (MPC), and setting up an Insolvency & Bankruptcy code (IBC).

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- Moody (rating agency) had stated that the transition to GST involves a short-term growth trade-off for medium-term gains.

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- It hence expects India to grow at just about 6.7% in 2017-18, but pick up in the subsequent years.

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- Notably, India also saw a rankings jump of 30 places in the World Bank's 'Ease of Doing Business Index'.

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- For all this, a streamlined indirect tax system, ease of sale and purchase of business assets and macroeconomic stability are essential.

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- Formalising the economy by promoting cashless transactions and extending the Aadhaar platform are also integral to these reforms.

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- Along with GST, such steps are expected to expand the tax-to-GDP ratio beyond the current level of 16%.

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## What are the challenges ahead?

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  - Despite the optimistic outlook, there are immediate concerns on the macroeconomic front for India.
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    - **Oil Prices** - Rising oil prices and hiccups in the transition to GST can affect tax collection and put the fiscal and current account deficits under strain.
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      - Passing on the higher fuel prices to the consumer looks politically difficult currently, when the Centre is already dealing with rising retail inflation.
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        - **Fiscal Targets** - The pressure to not deviate from the fiscal deficit target of 3.2%, notwithstanding uncertain revenues is immense.
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          - Notably, many committed expenditures such as Pay Commission disbursements and bank recapitalisation are pending.
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            - The finance minister's emphasis on fiscal targets suggests that growth may have to depend more on bank lending than public spending.
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              - **Rating Fallacy** - The Centre, should not get carried away by rating assessments which often take a one-size-fits-all view on market assessments.
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                - Notably, their failure to call out toxic mortgages in 2008 that precipitated in the sub-prime crisis dented their credibility.

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**Source: Business Line**

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