

India's Credit Rating

Why in news?

 $n\n$

India's credit rating has recently been upgraded to Baa2 by a global rating agency.

 $n\n$

What is a credit rating?

 $n\n$

\n

- A credit rating is an assessment of the creditworthiness of a borrower.
- Individuals, corporations and governments are assigned credit ratings, whoever wants to borrow money.
- Individuals are given 'credit scores', while corporations and governments receive 'credit ratings'.
- National governments, not countries, are assigned credit ratings by agencies like Standard & Poor's, Moody's and Fitch.

 $n\n$

How this rating is calculated?

 $n\n$

\n

- Governments require ratings to borrow money, they are given ratings on their worth as investment destinations.
- This is done to position itself as a destination for foreign direct investment.
- \bullet A country requests a credit rating agency to evaluate its political risks and economic environment such as taxation, currency value and labour laws. \n
- Another is sovereign risk where a country's central bank can change its

foreign exchange regulations.

۱n

 \bullet These risks are taken into account and ratings assigned accordingly. $\mbox{\ensuremath{^{\mbox{\sc h}}}}$

 $n\n$

What does the ratings implies?

 $n\n$

\n

• Baa1 - The highest rating of speculative grade Moody's Long-term Corporate Obligation Rating.

\n

• Obligations rated Ba1 are judged to have speculative elements and are subject to substantial credit risk.

۱n

- \bullet They are considered medium grade and as such may possess certain speculative characteristics $\ensuremath{\backslash n}$

 $n\n$

Moody's & its moods - what the ratings mean

Rating symbol	Meaning	
Aaa	Highest quality, lowest credit risk	
Aa	High quality, low credit risk	
A	Upper medium grade, low credit risk	
Baa	Medium grade, moderate credit risk, speculative characteristics	
Ва	Speculative, substantial credit risk	
В	Speculative, high credit risk	
Caa	Poor standing, very high credit risk	
Ca	Very near default, with some prospect of recovery of principal & interest	
С	Typically, in default, with little prospect of recovery of principal & interest	
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

 $n\n$

Numbers game

Ratings from Aa to Caa are further divided into three categories, by numeric codes 1, 2 & 3

Numeric code	Meaning, for each category rating	
1	Highest ranking	
2	Mid range ranking	
3	Lower end of ranking	

What is the rating for India?

 $n\n$

\n

• Moody's Investor Service upgraded the Government of India's local and foreign currency issuer ratings by two notches, to Baa2 stable from Baa3 positive.

۱n

- Baa2, a term that means that they consider the economy stable.
- In simple terms, it means the cost of capital will reduce and more FDI is expected to flow in, as certain investors don't invest in countries rated below Baa3.

\n

• The last upgrade had happened in 2004, when Moody's had upgraded India's status to Baa3, which is the lowest investment grade and just a notch above junk status.

\n

 Other rating agencies Standard & Poor's and Fitch too have a 'stable' rating for the country BBB+ and BBB-, respectively.

 $n\$

 $n\$

Source: The Hindu, Business Times

\n

