

# Linking Social Media Accounts with Aadhaar - TN Demand

### Why in news?

The Tamil Nadu government told the Supreme Court that social media profiles should be linked to users' Aadhaar number to check terrorist messages, pornography, and fake news.

#### What is the case about?

- Tamil Nadu made the submissions when a two-judge bench of Justices was hearing a petition by Facebook.
- The petition was to transfer all such cases pending in different high courts to the Supreme Court.
- The High Courts of Madras, Bombay, and Madhya Pradesh are hearing nearly similar petitions to link Aadhaar number with social media profiles.
- All such pending petitions nearly raise the same question of law and the same issue of whether private entities could use Aadhaar numbers of individuals.
- Facebook said before the Supreme Court that it was difficult for it to defend itself before high courts across the country.
- The high courts had given conflicting observations in the case.
- Transferring them all to the apex court would serve the interests of justice by avoiding the possibility of conflicting decisions.

## What is the petition before Madras HC?

- Following the Supreme Court's decision in the Aadhaar case, the unique 12-digit-number can be used only for subsidies and welfare benefits.
- Also, Section 57 of the Aadhaar Act relating to use of Aadhaar by private entities has been struck down by the SC.
- The petitioners had approached the High Court, noting that many people got away with controversial posts on social media because of the lack of traceability.
- There have been several Public Interest Litigations (PILs) filed in the case, with the earliest being moved before the Madras high court in July 2018.
- The petitioner had asked for making it mandatory to link Aadhaar or any other government-authorised identity proof for authentication of social media profiles.

• Other similar PIL sought that Facebook should seek some sort of government-authorised identity before allowing any person to open an account on its platform.

#### What is the Madras HC's observation?

- The Madras high court had observed that the application to link Aadhaar with social media profile was dangerous.
- The court said that this would affect the right to privacy of every individual.
- It had however agreed to hear the case.
- It looks at examining the adequacy of the legal framework on cybercrimes and the responsibilities of intermediaries who provide telecommunication and online services.

### What is the TN government's stance?

- The Tamil Nadu government opposed the transfer of the Facebook-related cases to the Supreme Court.
- The Madras high court has already had 18 hearings on the case.
- So, the TN government has argued that the apex court should wait for a comprehensive judgment before deciding on the issue.
- The State government is trying for better assistance from intermediaries and social media companies to trace offending messages.
- It is also in support of linking social media profiles of registered users with their Aadhaar numbers.

## What is the regulation in this regard?

- The Union Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology notified new draft rules for intermediaries recently and called for public comments.
- The proposed rules envisage new obligations for service providers.
- One of the changes proposed is that intermediaries should help identify originators of offensive content.
- However, technology companies that use end-to-end encryption have said they were unable to open a back door for identifying originators.
- The issue concerns the global policy of these companies as well as the wider public interest of millions of registered users.

#### What should be done?

- The K.S. Puttaswamy decision (2017) in the 'privacy' case is worth mentioning here.
- Accordingly, any state intervention for regulation of online content has to pass the <u>test of proportionality</u> laid down by the court.

- It is desirable if courts do not impart urgency to the process of introducing a balanced regulatory regime to curb controversial content.
- It must let the government work out a balanced regulatory regime for online content.
- The balance must be right between protecting privacy and allowing the state the leeway to curb crime.

Source: Business Standard, The Hindu

