

Low retail inflation

Why in news?

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Consumer price inflation had slipped to 1.54%.

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Why there is a reduced inflation?

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- Activity in the manufacturing sector has also slowed down.

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- GST-related adjustment and subsequent destocking may have reduced industrial growth.

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Why it is a matter of concern?

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- Moderate inflation levels are needed to drive consumption, under the assumption that higher levels of spending are crucial for economic growth.

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- Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) fixed the inflation levels to maintain in the zone between 2 and 4%.

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What is now expected of the RBI?

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- RBI has been maintaining the Repo rate at 6.25% since October 2016.

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- Since the inflation is lower now, a cut in the rate is expected.

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Why RBI should be cautious before lowering Repo?

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- \n• Several State governments have taken fiscally expansive measures like loan waivers.
- \n• This is will increase the purchasing power of people which in turn might increase the inflation.
- \n• The monsoon and its effect on prices is yet to be felt.
- \n• The impact of the introduction of the GST, will reflect in the prices.
- \n• Increased allowances under the Seventh Central Pay Commission's award could also transmit into price gains.

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- \n• All these would have had a complementary effect of low inflation.

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Source: The Hindu

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