

## **Mumbai Climate Action Plan**

## Why in news?

The Brihanmumbai Municipal Corporation (BMC) is drafting a Mumbai Climate Action Plan (MCAP) to tackle climate challenges.

Click here to learn about India Cooling Action Plan

## What is the MCAP?

- It is a comprehensive roadmap outlining specific activities to reduce emissions and meet the goals of the Paris Agreement.
- It was drafted with the technical support from World Resources Institute India (WRI India).

## What is the need for a climate plan?

#### Weather events

- WRI study on Mumbai's vulnerability assessment says Mumbai will face **rise in temperature** & extreme rain leading to floods.
- Recent <u>IPCC report</u> predicts that Mumbai will face sea rise of 0.1m to 0.3m in next three decades.
- By 2050, Mumbai will see a 25% increase in the intensity of flash floods.
- This will affect 2-3 million people living within 1 km from the coastline.
- The plan also comes as part of the C40 compliance process, as Mumbai joined C40 Cities group in December 2020.

C40 is a network of the world's megacities committed to addressing climate change. There are 97 cities across the world connected in C40 Cities to collaborate and take measures on climate change.

#### **GHG emissions**

- Mumbai's greenhouse gas (GHG) emission was 34.3 million tonnes in 2019.
- Of this, 71% came from the energy sector which is mainly based on coal.
- 24% is from transport, and the 5% is from solid waste management.

95% of Mumbai's electricity is coal-based and needs to be shifted to renewable energy to bring down emissions.

## What are the signs of climate change impact in Mumbai so far?

• Steady rise in air temperature over the past 50 years.

- Uneven increase in night time temperatures.
- Faster warming of the winter months compared to the summer.
- The number of extreme caution days is increasing. e.g Mumbai sees 174 caution days and 187 extreme caution days per year.
  - Caution days Temperature is 26-32°C.
  - Extreme caution day Temperature is 32-42°C.
  - Temperatures above 35°C can impact human health and productivity.
- Since 2007, a constant rise in temperature mainly due to concretization, lack of green cover and housing density in Mumbai.
- A substantial increase in intense rainfall and storm events in the last 5 years, resulting in frequent water logging and flooding.

## What will the MCAP address?

# PLAN TO BE READY BY NOVEMBER

The Mumbai Climate Action Plan will focus on six action areas: 1 Sustainable waste mgmt 2 Urban greening, biodiversity 3 Flooding, water resource mgmt 4 Bldg energy efficiency 5 Air quality 6 Sustainable mobility



 Expected to be ready by November 2021, said Lubaina Rangwala, associate director, WRI Ross Center for Sustainable Cities
Citizens can send suggestions to the website (https://mcap. mcgm.gov.in/about/)

- Reduction of GHG emission by sectors.
- Consumption patterns, for the near term (2030), medium term (2040) and long-term (2050).
- Vulnerability assessment.
- Increasing community resilience capacities in vulnerable neighborhoods.
- Building climate resilient infrastructure.
- Nurturing robust natural systems to better adapt to climate risks.

## **Source: The Indian Express**

