

National Financial Reporting Authority (NFRA): Auditors' auditor

What is the issue?

NFRA will be headless from October 1 if the government in the next two days does not announce either a successor or another term to the incumbent Chairman.

What is NFRA?

- The NFRA is a national regulator for auditors set up under the Companies Act, 2013.
- It was set up specifically to investigate the role of auditors in frauds in listed and large public interest entities.
- It came into being in late-2018 in the wake of the IL&FS financial scandal.
- **Composition** NFRA will have a chairperson who will be appointed by the Central Government and a maximum of 15 members.

• Role of NFRA

- 1. Make recommendations on the foundation and laying down of accounting and auditing policies and standards
- 2. Monitor and enforce the compliance of the accounting standards and auditing standards
- 3. Oversee the quality of service of professionals and suggest measures required for improvement in the quality of service

• Powers of NFRA

- 1. To investigate the matters of professional or other misconduct committed by a prescribed class of CA firms or CAs
- 2. The same powers as a Civil Court under the Code of Criminal Procedure, in specific matters.
- 3. the power to impose penalty and debar a member/firm from practice as a member of ICAI
- Previously, only the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) can bar chartered accountants from being appointed as auditors for a company.
- Also, Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) was permitted to bar CAs from auditing listed companies.

What were the actions taken by NFRA in the past 3 years?

- The three Audit Quality Reports (AQR) that NFRA has produced since 2018 called out the sub-standard audit practices followed by well-known audit firms.
- This was the first time in the country that audit practices were put under the scanner with such serious intent and analysed in such great depth.
- NFRA has recently found errors in KIOCL Ltd's financial statements pertaining to the fiscal year 2019-20.

What are the challenges in effective functioning of NFRA?

- Apart from Chairman, there is just one whole-time director on the board, and three part-time directors who are nominees of ICAI.
- The ICAI opposed the NFRA even before it was notified and also now after NFRA's AQRs that highlighted ICAI's ineffective regulation.
- Conflict of interest between Auditing and Assurance Standards Board (AASB) of ICAI and the Quality Review Board (QRB) of NFRA is an issue.

How to address these challenges?

- It is the government's responsibility to ensure its independence and autonomy functional, financial and administrative.
- The government should streamline regulations under Section 132 of the Companies Act to increase the effectiveness of NFRA.
- NFRA needs an independent head who is not an ex or present officebearer of ICAI.
- With greater participation of retail investors in the stock market and increasing shareholder activism, a strong and autonomous regulator is the need of the hour.

Source: The Hindu Businessline

