

Petya Ransomware Attack

Why in news?

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Petya ransomware hit operations at one of the three terminals at Jawaharlal Nehru Port Trust (JNPT)

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What is Petya?

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- Petya is a ransomware, similar to the Wannacry attack.

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- It is part of a new wave of cyberattacks that has hit computer servers all across Europe, locking up computer data and crippling enterprise services in the corporate sector.

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How exactly does Petya spread?

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- The ransomware locks up a computer's files and demands \$300 Bitcoins as ransom to unlock the data.

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- All data on a computer, network gets encrypted.

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- Once the malware infects the computer, it will wait for an hour and then reboots the system.

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- After the rebooting, the files are encrypted and the user gets a ransom note on their PC asking them to pay up.

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- Users are also warned against switching off their PC during the rebooting process, because it could make them lose their files.

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Which are the most affected countries?

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- The attack is believed to have started in Ukrainian software called **MeDoc**.

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- It is used by many government organisations in the country.

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- According to reports, this is also the reason why **Ukraine was the worst affected**.

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- Over 60% of attacks took place in Ukraine.

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- Russia is second on the list with 30%.

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How can the ransomware attack be stopped?

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- When it comes to decrypting files, currently there is no solution.

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- For now, users who have lost their data can't really recover it unless they have a backup.

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- There's no way of getting the decryption key from the hackers, since the email account has been shut down.

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- However, according to a tweet from HackerFantastic, when the system goes in for a reboot, the user should power off the PC.

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- There is no way of stopping the attack from the spreading, given it exploits vulnerabilities in the network.

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- For users, it is best to keep a back up of all their data. Preferably this data

should not be online, and it should be encrypted.

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- Users should also not click on email links from suspicious ids or click on links asking for access to personal information.

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- Also keep your Windows PC updated with the latest software.

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Source: LiveMint, Indian Express

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