

# Prelim Bits 14-03-2018

#### Fight against plastic pollution

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- A study stated that krill could prove to be a potent weapon in the fight against the growing threat of plastic pollution in the world's oceans.  $\n$
- The tiny zooplankton are capable of digesting microplastics under 5 millimetres (0.2 inches) before excreting them back into the environment in an even smaller form.

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- On average, the excreted fragments are 78 % smaller than the original beads with some reduced by 94 %.  $\$
- Every year, more than eight million tons of plastics ends up in the ocean.  $\n$
- It costs billions of dollars in damage to marine ecosystems and killing an estimated one million sea birds, 100,000 sea mammals and untold numbers of fish.

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• Click <u>here</u> to know more about Antarctica krill. n

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#### Bauxite

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• India with an estimate 3.48 billion tons of bauxite has 11 % ownership of the world bauxite resources.

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• Bauxite is a sedimentary rock with relatively high aluminum content.

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- Bauxite is found in two varieties- the metallurgical and non-metallurgical.  $\ensuremath{\sc n}$
- Aluminum is widely used by automobile industry, for making aircraft, among others.





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• The metallurgical grade is refined into alumina and the smelted into aluminum.

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- The non-metallurgical grade is used in abrasives, cement and refractories.  $\ensuremath{\sc n}$
- Orissa, Gujarat, Jharkhand, Maharashtra, Chhattisgarh, Tamil Nadu and Madhya Pradesh are the main bauxite producing states in India.  $\n$

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#### Fisheries to get less productive by 2300

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• Global fisheries to be 20% less productive due to the increase in mean surface air temperature.

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- The future climate condition will be characterized by 9.6 degrees Celsius increase in mean surface air temperature.  $\n$
- The extended climate warming will drastically alter wind patterns, boost ocean surface temperatures and melt nearly all the sea ice in Polar Regions  $\n$
- Resulting in changes in the phytoplankton growth and ocean circulation around Antarctica, with the net effect of transferring nutrients from the upper ocean to the deep ocean.

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- Therefore, marine ecosystems to the north will be increasingly starved for nutrients, leading to less primary production (photosynthesis) by phytoplankton, which form the base of ocean food chains.  $\n$ 

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## **Curbing Population Growth**

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• Among the various reasons for most problems associated with providing healthcare and employment, social security etc., population growth is one of the factors.

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- As per the 2017 revision of United Nations World Population prospects, India's population is projected to be 1.50 billion by 2030 only.  $\n$
- Government of India has taken various steps to curb the population growth such as Mission Parivar Vikas, new Family Planning media campaign , scheme to ensure spacing of births by ASHAs etc.,  $$\n$
- As a result of Governments initiatives, the decadal growth rate has declined significantly from 21.15% in census 2001 to 17.64% in census 2011.  $_{\n}$

\n	\n NFHS -3	∖n NFHS-4
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\n Crude Birth rate \n	\n 23.1% \n	\n 19% \n

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Total Fertility rate	2.6%	2.2%
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\n Total unmet contraceptive need \n	\n 13.9% \n	\n 12.9% \n

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Click <u>here</u> to know about Mission Parivar vikas

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# PM's Overarching Scheme for Holistic Nourishment (POSHAN) Abhiyan

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• POSHAN Abhiyaan was launched by the Prime Minister recently in Jhunjhunu ,Rajasthan.

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- The abhiyan may include the following nutrition strategies and interventions  $\n$ 

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1. supplementary nutrition,

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- 2. IYCF(Infant and Young Child Feeding)immunisation, n
- 3. food fortification,

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4. adolescent nutrition,

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- 5. dietary diversification n
- 6. maternal health

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- Behavior change communication is the key component of POSHAN Abhiyaan for converting it into Jan Andolan (People's movement).
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- The Executive Committee is the Apex body for all Nutrition related activities under the POSHAN Abhiyaan.

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- National Council on India's nutritional challenges under chairmanship of Vice Chairman, NITI Aayog, has been set up under the POSHAN Abhiyaan.  $\n$ 

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## **Strategic Partnership Model in Defense Acquisition**

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- The policy on Strategic Partnerships in Defense sector was approved by Defence Acquisition Council last year.
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- The policy is intended to institutionalize a transparent, objective and functional mechanism to encourage broader participation of the private sector n the manufacture of defense platforms and equipment.  $\n$
- The following four segments have been identified for acquisition under Strategic Partnership (SP) route  $\n$

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- a. Fighter Aircraft
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- b. Helicopters
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- c. Submarines
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- d. Armoured Fighting Vehicles (AFVs) / Main Battle Tanks (MBTs).  $\space{-1mu}\space{-1mu$
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• The Strategic Partnership Model (SPM) is a different category of Capital Acquisition in addition to the existing categories such as 'Buy (Indian-IDDM)', 'Buy (Indian)', 'Buy & Make (Indian)', 'Buy & Make' and 'Buy (Global)'.

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• Click <u>here</u> to know more about SPM

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# Map of the Day

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#### Europe

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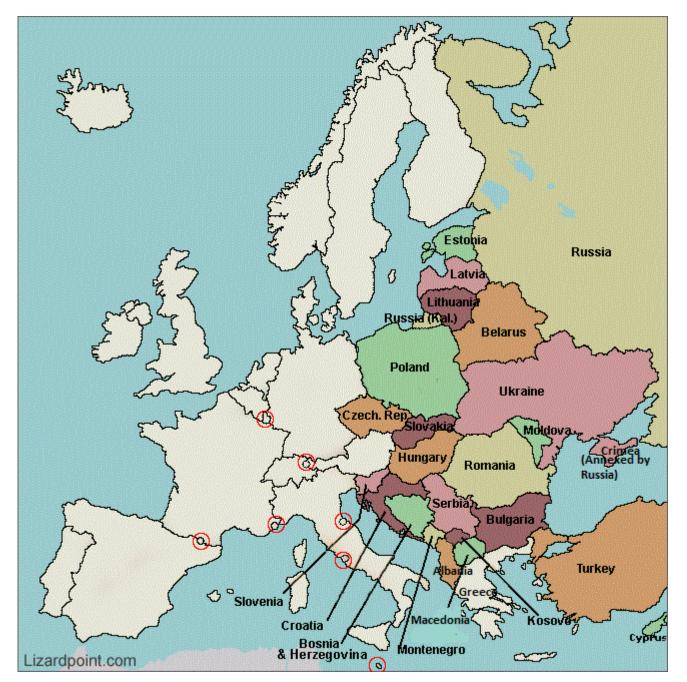
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• Greenland and Faroe Islands are autonomous constituent countries within the Kingdom of Denmark.

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- Norway, Sweden and Denmark are called Scandinavian Countries.  $\slash n$
- Scandinavia along with Finland and Iceland including Greenland and Faroe Islands are called Nordic Countries.  $\n$



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• Balkan Peninsula is comprised of Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia, Kosovo, Macedonia, Montenegro, Romania, Serbia, and Slovenia with portions of Greece and Turkey.

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• Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania are called Baltic Countries.

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Source: PIB, The Hindu, Business Standard

