

# Prelim Bits 14-12-2023 | UPSC Daily Current Affairs

### **Graph Networks for Materials Exploration (GNoME)**

GNoME, an AI tool, is accelerating the materials discovery using artificial intelligence (AI).

- It is a state-of-the-art <u>graph neural network (GNN)</u> model that uses <u>'active</u> <u>learning'</u> to enhance its performance, allowing it to predict the stability of new materials.
- Launched by Google DeepMind
- Aim To generate novel candidate crystals and to predict their stability.

Deep learning is a method of artificial intelligence (AI) where it is taught to process data in a way that is inspired by a human computer.

- Working GnoME can generate predictions for the structures of novel, stable crystals
  which were then tested, resulting in high-quality training data fed back into model
  training.
- The final step in their approach exploits **Density Functional Theory (DFT)**, a method to verify the stability of the new structures, which are then used as new training datasets for the tool.
- *The Materials Project* is the original datasheet for GNoME.

**The Materials Project** is a multi-institution, multi-national endeavour to compute the properties of all inorganic materials and provide the data for every materials researcher free of charge.

- **Significance** It has **boosted the precision rate** for predicting materials stability from 50% to around 80%.
- It *increases the number of 'stable materials'* by 10-fold including inorganic crystals that modern tech applications use.
  - It has published a list of 381,000 of the 2.2 million crystal structures that it predicts to be most stable.

#### References

- 1. The Indian Express Graph Networks for Material Exploration
- 2. AI Magazine | GNoME

# **UN Resolution demanding Gaza Ceasefire**

India votes in favour of UN resolution demanding Gaza ceasefire in an UNGA Emergency Special Session.

- UN Resolution The <u>193-member United Nations</u> General Assembly (UNGA) expressed grave concern over the catastrophic humanitarian situation in the Gaza Strip and the suffering of the Palestinian civilian population.
- 2 key demands
  - An immediate *humanitarian ceasefire*.
  - Immediate and unconditional <u>release of all hostages</u>, as well as ensuring humanitarian access.
- It also reiterated that all parties shall comply with international humanitarian law to protect the civilians.
- **Voting** It was adopted with <u>153 nations voting in its favour</u>, <u>10 voting against</u> (including the US) and <u>23 abstentions</u>.

This is the 1st time India supported such a resolution since the Israel-Hamas conflict began in 2023. India had <u>abstained from the earlier resolution</u>.

• Impact - Unlike UN Security Council resolution, UNGA resolution are <u>not legally</u> <u>binding</u> but the overwhelming support of the resolution serves as <u>an indicator of global opinion</u>.

#### **UNGA Emergency Special Session**

- It happens when the UNSC is deadlocked.
- UN Member States can <u>request the Assembly President</u> to convene such a session to make appropriate recommendations for collective measures, including calling for ceasefires, use of armed force, etc.
- If adopted by a *two-thirds majority*, the non-binding General Assembly resolution *provides quidance for nations*.

#### Reference

The Indian Express | India supports for Gaza ceasefire

#### **Kidney Transplants in India**

The Indian government has ordered a probe into an allegation that poor Myanmarese villagers were being lured into giving their kidneys to rich patients.

- Regulated by- Transplantation of Human Organs and Tissues Act, 1994.
- A transplant can be either
  - From organs of *deceased persons* donated by their relatives
  - From a *living person* the recipient knows

Only 16% of the total transplants in the India use deceased organs.

## • Types of donations

- Donations from close relatives
- Donations from unrelated persons (Altruistic donations)

### **Donations from close relatives**

# **Donations from unrelated persons**

- The 1994 Act allows living donations, in most cases, from close relatives (parents, siblings, children, spouse, grandparents, grandchildren).
- For donations involving either Indians or foreigners, documents establishing their identities, family tree, proving the donor-recipient relationship and financial standing of the donor have to be submitted.
- It involves donations from distant relatives, in-laws, or long-time friends are allowed after additional scrutiny.
- For donations from unrelated persons, documents and photographic evidence showing their long-term association have to be submitted which is then *examined by an external committee*.
- Organ donations and transplants in *exchange for money are forbidden* in India.
- **Punishment** Offering to pay for organs or document forgery is punishable by jail <u>up</u> to 10 years and a fine of up to Rs 1 crore.

**National Organ and Tissue Transplant Organization (NOTTO)** under the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, is the apex centre for coordination and networking for the registry, donation and transplantation of organs and tissues in India.

## • Reasons for higher kidney transplantation scam

- Higher demand for kidney due to increase in kidney failures
- Least risk to the donor
- Cheaper than other transplantations
- Higher survival time of kidneys

Kidney can survive up to 24-36 hours outside the body, the largest among other organs while the lungs remain viable only for 4-6 hours, and the liver for 8-12 hours.

#### Reference

The Indian Express | Kidney transplants in India

### **Global Status Report on Road Safety 2023**

According to the 5<sup>th</sup> edition of Global Status Report on Road Safety, road fatalities dropped globally, but India sees a rise.

- **Launch year** 2009
- **Released by** World Health Organisation (WHO)
- **Objectives** To describe the <u>road safety situation</u> in United Nations (UN) Member States and <u>assess the changes</u> with a particular focus on the evolution of the burden and responses since 2010.
- **Data source** Based on survey and review of legislation in which <u>170 UN Member</u> <u>States and 2 territories</u> participated.
- 2023 Report- It provides the first complete overview of progress made during 2011-2020 and sets a baseline for the Decade of Action for Road Safety 2021-2030.

### **Key Findings**

- **Road traffic deaths 108 UN member nations** reported a drop with 10 countries succeeded in reducing by over 50%.
  - *WHO's South-East Asia Region* tops while the European Region reports the largest drop in deaths since 2010
  - Top cause of deaths for children and youth between the ages of <u>5 to 29 years</u>
  - 92% of deaths occur in low- and middle-income countries.
- **Status of India** It registered a **15% increase in fatalities** (1.34 lakh in 2010 to 1.54 lakh in 2021).
- **Share of fatalities** <u>30% by 4-wheel vehicle occupants</u> followed by pedestrians, 2-and 3-wheeler users, respectively.

Only 6 countries have reached WHO best practice legislation on 5 risk factors – speeding, drink driving, motorcycle helmet use, and seat-belts and child restraint systems.

#### **References**

- 1. The Hindu A decline in road fatalities globally
- 2. WHO Global Status Report on Road Safety 2023

#### **Budgett Frog**

Researchers from the Indian Institute of Science's (IISc) have identified that peptides (short protein) produced from Budgett's frog can combat enzymes of disease causing pathogens.

- Other common names are *Hippo Frog* and the *Freddie Kruger Frog*.
- **Scientific name** Lepdibatrachus laevis
- Habitat In inland waters in Paraguay, Argentina and Bolivia.
- **Growing condition** Being *carnivorous*, they mainly feed on other frogs (particularly tadpoles), snails and insects.
- During dry season, it remains in burrows and they will shed skin layers from to <u>form a</u>
   waterproof cocoon to keep them moist.
- In rainy season, it will go back into the water to breed and feed.

- **Characteristics** They are **highly intelligent** and very aggressive.
- When frightened, they inflate themselves, stand up on their short legs and attack the potential with an open huge mouth followed up by a *high-pitched scream*.
- They do not have teeth, but they do have two sharp-edged structures in the jaws.
- Protection status
  - **Least Concern** in the IUCN Red List.

**Frogs** are the  $1^{st}$  vertebrates to conquer the land and because of this, they have developed a <u>defensive mechanism through their skin</u> to generally combat the microorganisms and other harmful things.

#### Reference

The Hindu Budgett frog's defence mechanism

# **Other Important News**

# 'AKTOCYTE'

- AKTOCYTE is a nutraceutical developed by the Department of Atomic Energy (DAE) and IDRS Labs.
- The tablets are intended for radiotherapy patients, especially those with pelvic cancer suffering from radiotherapy-induced Cystitis (Blood in urine).

### 'Mission Antarctica'

- Union Minister of State for Defence flagged in a team of Himalayan Mountaineering Institute, Darjeeling that carried out 'Mission Antarctica' in New Delhi Recently.
- The team hoisted the national flag atop Mt Rhenock in Sikkim Himalayas, recorded in the Asia Book of Records and India Book of Records.
- During the expedition, the team also displayed the Tri-colour over Mount Vinson Peak, which is the <u>highest peak of the South Pole</u>.

# **Pro Bono Legal Service Programme**

- It is an initiative of the Department of Justice, launched in April 2017.
- It aimed at enhancing "access to justice" for marginalised sections of the society and the state's constitutional obligation of providing "free legal aid" for all.
- Pro bono is a Latin phrase that means <u>"for the good of the people".</u>

# Women in Science and Engineering-KIRAN (WISE-KIRAN)

- WISE-KIRAN is a program from the Department of Science and Technology (DST).
- The scheme's goal is to increase women's participation in science and technology (S&T) and achieve gender parity.

# Valparai plateau

- The Valparai plateau is situated in the Coimbatore district of Tamil Nadu.
- It is surrounded on all sides by protected areas Anamalai Tiger Reserve, Parambikulam Tiger Reserve and Eravikulam National Park.
- Valparai is known for its tea and coffee plantations, around 7-8 national and international companies spread over 54 tea and coffee estates in Valparai.

# Koodankulam Nuclear Power Plant (KKNPP)

- Kudankulam Nuclear Power Plant is the largest nuclear power station with a current installed capacity of **2GW** in India.
- It is situated in Kudankulam, Tirunelveli district of Tamil Nadu.
- It is a Civilian Nuclear Power Plant, built by India in jointcollaboration with Russia.
- It is being developed by the **Nuclear Power Corporation of India** (NPCIL).

# Nyholm prize

- Professor Savita Ladage received the Royal Society of Chemistry's Nyholm Prize recently.
- It is an *annual award* from the Royal Society of Chemistry that recognizes achievements in chemical sciences education.
- The prize honors the life and work of Sir Ronald Nyholm, an Australian-born chemist who served as president of the Royal Society of Chemistry from 1968 to 1970.
- The prize alternates between being open to international nominations and being open only to nominations from the UK and Ireland.

# **International Debt Report**

- The report is released by *World Bank* recently.
- **Recent Findings** Currently, about 60% of low-income countries are at high risk of debt distress.
- Debt-service payments, which include principal and interest, increased by 5% over the previous year for all developing countries.
- The 75 countries eligible to borrow from the World Bank's International Development Association, which supports the poorest countries in 2022.

# Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority (PFRDA)

- The Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority (PFRDA) is a regulatory body that oversees and regulates pensions in India.
- It was established in 2003 and operates under the Ministry of Finance.
- In 2003, the PFRDA launched the National Pension Scheme (NPS), which was extended to all citizens in 2009.
- The PFRDA regulates the NPS ecosystem, which is subscribed to by employees of the Government of India, State Governments, and private institutions.

## Kanduri Urs Festival

- The annual 'Kanduri Urs' festival starts with the flag-hoisting ceremony in Nagapattinam district of Tamil Nadu recently.
- The 14-day festival commemorates the **death anniversary of saint Abdul Qadir** and attracts followers from different faiths across the world.

