

Prelim Bits 17-12-2018

Information Fusion Centre

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- Indian Navy is going to inaugurate the Information Fusion Centre (IFC) for the Indian Ocean Region (IOR). \n
- IFC has been established at the Navy's Information Management and Analysis Centre (IMAC) in Gurugram.
- IFC will help in exchanging information on white shipping or commercial shipping with countries in region.

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- It is to improve maritime domain awareness in the Indian Ocean. $\space{\space{1.5}n}$
- All countries that have already signed white shipping information exchange agreements with India are the partners of IFC. \n
- The information is available primarily through the Automatic Identification System (AIS) fitted on merchant ships as mandated by the International Maritime Organisation.

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- Indian navy is mandated to conclude white shipping information exchange agreements with 36 countries and three multi-national constructs. \n

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White Shipping

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• White shipping information refers to exchange of relevant advance information on the identity and movement of commercial non-military merchant vessels.

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• Advance information of the vessels like destination and planned itinerary, etc. is extremely helpful towards collating an effective Maritime Domain

Awareness.

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- This information is likely to be available with the country from whose port it sails and is equally relevant for the destination country and those it passes enroute.
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- India has signed white shipping agreements with several countries including United States and Singapore and is seeking similar agreement with more countries.

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Trans Regional Maritime Network (T-RMN)

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• It facilitates information exchange on the movement of commercial traffic on the high seas.

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- It is a multilateral agreement comprises 30 countries and is steered by Italy. \n
- India has recently signed the ascension agreement to the T-RMN. $\gamman \label{eq:n} \gamman \gamm$

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GSAT - 7A

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• ISRO is planning to launch a dedicated communication satellite GSAT-7A for defence purposes.

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- GSAT-7A is a communications satellite which can be used by the Indian Air Force and the Indian Army. \n
- The satellite weigh 2.2 tonnes and will placed in in the geostationary orbit. $\slash n$
- It is the 35^{th} communication satellite built by ISRO and will be the first one built primarily for the Indian Air Force (IAF).
- It will be launched by the Geosynchronous Satellite Launch Vehicle (GSLV Mk II).

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• It will help IAF interlink different ground radar stations, airbases and

AWACS (Airborne Warning And Control System) aircraft.

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- It will also enhance network-centric warfare capabilities of the IAF and therefore enhance its global operations. \n
- It is also expected to give a major push for drone operations as it would reduce the reliance on ground-based control states and take satellite control of military unmanned aerial vehicles (UAV).
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- The **GSAT 7 series** was launched in 2013 as a dedicated communications satellite for the Indian Navy, which made the Navy completely independent of relying on foreign satellites.

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- GSAT 7 currently has a 2,000 nautical mile footprint and provides real-time inputs to Indian warships, submarines and maritime aircraft. \n

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Great Indian Bustard

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- The great Indian bustard (or simply Indian bustard), a large, white-and-brown bird with wing markings, is native to India and Pakistan. \n
- India effectively the only home of the bustards, now harbours less than 150 individuals in five States.

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- It is listed in Schedule I of India's Wildlife Protection Act. \nphin
- It has almost lost its 90% of its original habitat. $\slash n$
- Hunting was one of the first factors that caused the decline of its population. $\slash n$
- Recently, several threats are including power lines are decimating its populations.

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- The arid grassland that bustards thrive in are being made productive by increasing water availability and expansion of agricultural lands. \n
- More recently, their grassland homes are now sites of renewable power projects (wind turbines).
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- Poor frontal vision and heavy bodies of bustards cannot manoeuvre away

from cables in time.

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Click <u>here</u> to know about sanctuaries that conserve Indian Bustard.

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Source: The Hindu

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