

# Prelim Bits 21-08-2021 | UPSC Daily Current Affairs

# **Smog Tower**

Delhi will get its 1<sup>st</sup> smog tower in Connaught Place that aims to help combat air pollution at hotspots.

- The smog tower is expected to **clean the air** around a 1-km radius.
- It will purify 1,000 cubic metres of air per second, helping reduce PM 2.5 and PM 10 levels in the locality.
- The smog tower will take the polluted air from the top and emit the purified air near the ground through fans fitted on sides.
- It has around 40 wings that emit purified air at 10 m above the ground.
- A control room has been set up at the site to monitor the operations of the smog tower.
- Another 25-metre-tall smog tower is being built by the central government at Anand Vihar, Delhi.

#### **Rain at Greenland Summit**

For the  $1^{st}$  time on record, the summit of Greenland received rain and not snow, just as temperatures at the spot went above freezing for the  $3^{rd}$  time in less than 10 years.

Greenland is the world's largest island between the Arctic and Atlantic Oceans.

Three-quarters of its surface is covered with a permanent ice sheet (656,000 square miles large.)

- As per the US National Snow and Ice Data Center, this was the heaviest rainfall that the Greenland received since record keeping began in 1950.
- At the highest point on Greenland's ice sheet, the US's National Science Foundation maintains a Summit Station, a research facility that observes changes occurring over the island as well as in Arctic weather.
- The research facility observed rain at the normally frigid summit, with the precipitation extending up to Greeland's southeast coast.
- Not only is water warmer than the usual snow, it's also darker so it absorbs more sunlight rather than reflecting it away.
- Rain & high temperatures triggered extensive melting here, which is 7 times more than daily average observed at this time (August) of the year.
- Rapid ice melting will be running off into the ocean in volumes, thus accelerating global sea level rise
- **Concern** The UN's "code red" climate report concluded that the burning of fossil fuels led to Greenland melting in the last 20 years.
- Arctic Ocean may witness ice-free summers by 2050 due to extreme climate interventions.

- If that happens, sea levels could rise by 20 feet, threatening low-lying cities around the world such as Mumbai, New York, etc.
- Rapid melting is also threatening polar bears, which have to make their way towards Greenland's interior from the coasts, where they usually find enough food.

#### **Malabar Rebellion of 1921**

August 20, 2021 marks the centenary of the Malabar rebellion or the Moplah (Muslim) riots of 1921.

- Malabar rebellion had been an uprising of Muslim tenants (Moplahs) against local Hindu landlords (Jenmis) and British rulers.
- The uprising, which began as **part of the Khilafat Movement**, took place in regions which are under the Malappuram district, Kerala.
- It was an armed revolt led by Variyamkunnath Kunjahammed Haji.
- ullet It has been perceived as one of the 1<sup>st</sup> nationalist uprisings in southern India. It has even been described as a peasant revolt.
- In 1971, the Kerala government had included the participants of the rebellion in the category of freedom fighters.
- **Impacts** The rebellion of Mappilas inspired by religious ideology and a conception of an alternative system of administration Khilafat government dealt a blow to the nationalist movement in Malabar.
- Fanaticism of rebels, foregrounded by the British, fostered communal rift and enmity towards the Congress.

### Jalakanyaka

A new marine algae species with an umbrella-like cap, which has been named Jalakanyaka, has been discovered on Andaman & Nicobar Islands.

- The new algae species has been named 'Acetabularia jalakanyakae', after the Sanskrit word 'Jalakanyaka' meaning the 'goddess of oceans' or 'mermaid'.
- This species is the 1<sup>st</sup> of the genus Acetabularia to be discovered in India. It is also the first of its kind on the Island.

Algal diversity is one of the highest in the Andaman & Nicobar Islands.

- **Features** This delicate species has an intricate umbrella-like design.
- The whole plant is made up of just one cell with only one nucleus.
- Furthermore, a structure called a rhizoid is formed towards the end of the plant cell containing its nucleus.
- This allows the algae to attach to the rocks underneath the shallow tropical ocean, where it grows.
- Another feature of Acetabularia is their **regenerative potential**. For example, if the top part of the algae is cut off, it can regrow the structure.
- **Threats** Rising seawater temperature decreases oxygen concentration in water, dangerously affecting all organisms that depend on oxygen to live, including this species.



#### Algae

- Algae is a group of predominantly aquatic, photosynthetic, and nucleus-bearing organisms that lack the true roots, stems, leaves, and specialized multi-cellular reproductive structures of plants.
- They range in size from microscopic Micromonas species to giant kelps that reach 60 metres in length.
- Oxygen producers Algae produce oxygen through photosynthesis. They turn CO2 into biomass and release oxygen.
- Marine algae produce almost two-third of oxygen in the air we breathe.
- **Food producers** Algae convert atmospheric CO2 into food for the marine ecosystem. They are at the base of the food chain.
- Also, when the algae die, they are consumed by decomposers (mostly fungi and bacteria).
- Petroleum fossils When Algae die, they sink to the ocean floor.
- Over the years, this layer turns into what we know as petroleum.
- Algae is not only important for the environment but for studies and research too.
- But, Algae that has industrial, medical, and survival importance is being affected by Climate change factors like rise in temperature decreases oxygen levels in the water, ocean acidification, etc

# Rise in Myopia in Children

Ophthalmologists have reported a sharp rise in myopia in children - 25% rise in onset and 100% progression with myopia - in 2020 during the pandemic.

- Myopia (nearsightedness) is a condition where objects at a distance are not clearly visible and a person must wear corrective spectacles.
- It occurs when the eyeball becomes longer, relative to the focusing power of the cornea and the lens; this leads to focus not on the surface of the retina, but at a point before it.

Distant objects appear blurred but close objects look clear.

- **Symptoms** The most common ones are squinting, eye strain, headaches and fatigue.
- It can lead to complications like early onset of cataract, retinal detachment, glaucoma, myopic maculopathy, and myopic strabismus fixus.
- Causes The recent progression and early onset of myopia in children during the pandemic is attributed to
  - 1. Overdose of exposure to mobile phones, and
  - 2. Lack of physical activity and sunlight.
- 1 in 4 children is affected by myopia, due to online classes. An average child spends around 8 to 10 hours on a laptop or desktop.
- **Precautions** Limiting the time with devices will help in the well-being of the children.
- A balanced diet which will include carrots, greens, fish and eggs should be followed.
- They must be taught to do yoga and listen to music.
- Children must be allowed to play so that they can absorb sunlight.

# **Esotropia**

There is a five-fold increase in children with acute onset of esotropia.

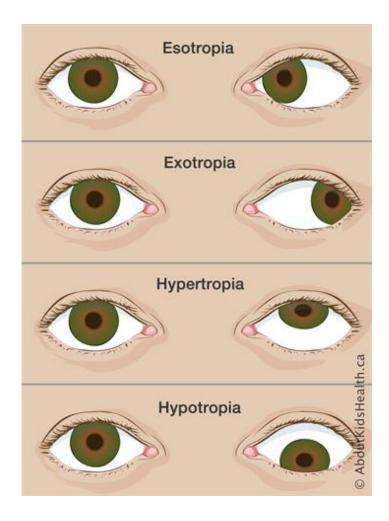
• When an eye crosses inward, it is termed esotropia ("Eso" means to turn inward toward the nose.)

Intermittent crossing of an infant's eyes under about 4 to 5 months is normal. However, constant crossing of the eyes may be a concern.

- Esotropia is a type of strabismus.
- It can occur in just one eye or alternate between both eyes.
- It is rare for both eyes to cross in at the same time.
- Three forms of esotropia Congenital or infantile esotropia, Acquired strabismus and Microstrabismus.

#### Types of strabismus (Based on the positions of the eye)

- Hypertropia is when the eye turns upwards
- Hypotropia is when the eye turns downwards
- Esotropia is when the eye turns inwards
- Exotropia is when the eye turns outwards
- Cyclotropia refers to the rotation of one eye around its visual axis.
  - Anisolated form of strabismus (i.e., one that does not occur in combination with paralytic strabismus),
  - This disorder is extremely rare.



Source: Reuters, BBC, The Hindu, The New Indian Express, Financial Express

