

# Prelim Bits 28-10-2023 | UPSC Daily Current Affairs

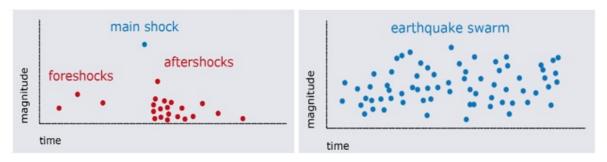
### **Earthquake Swarm**

Recently, a seismic swarm has hit the Reykjanes peninsula in southwest Iceland with more than 5,500 small earthquakes raising the prospect of a volcanic eruption.

- Earthquake Swarm It is a <u>series of many low magnitude earthquakes</u> without a noticeable main shock.
- **Causes** It occurs when the piled up <u>seismic energy inside the earth is released in</u> <u>small amounts</u> from certain points.
- Seismic energy are related to the <u>movement of fluid gases and liquids</u> in the Earth's crust
- **Fluid movement** When *fluids* (*e.g.*, *water*) *migrate and interact with pre-existing faults*, it enables the fault to slip creating tremors.
- **Active volcanism** Tremor occurs when <u>magma-filled cracks push their way</u> through the Earth's crust.
- **Slow-slip events** It is essentially an *earthquake in slow-motion*, which involves centimetres to tens of centimetres of movement along a fault, over weeks to years.
- **Duration** It may range *from days, weeks to even months*.
- **Occurrence** It occur in a <u>localised region without a clear sequence of foreshocks</u>, <u>main quakes and aftershocks</u>.

## Earthquake

#### Earthquake Swarm



<u>Earthquake swarm in Palghar district</u> of Maharashtra has occurred over the period from 2018 to 2019, with around 30 low-intensity earthquakes.

#### **References**

The Hindu| Earthquake swarm in Iceland

### **Indian Mobile Congress (IMC)**

Recently, 7th Edition of the 3-day India Mobile Congress 2023 was inaugurated at Bharat Mandapam in New Delhi.

- India Mobile Congress (IMC) It is forum of telecom, media, and technology
  - To *highlight India's incredible advancements* in telecommunications and technologies.
  - To *display start-ups innovative products* and solutions.
  - To *discuss issues* pertaining to the semiconductor industry, green technology, cybersecurity etc.

Indian Mobile Congress 2023 is the largest telecom, media, and technology forum held in Asia.

- **Theme** Global Digital Innovation.
- **Aim** To strengthen India's position as a developer, manufacturer, and exporter of key cutting-edge technologies.
- **Participants** Over 1 lakh participants from about 22 countries including CEO's, exhibitors, startups, and other stakeholders.
- **Events** During the program, <u>100 '5G Use Case Labs' was awarded to educational institutions</u> across the country and '<u>Aspire' program</u> was introduced.

"Aspire" program will foster connections between startups, investors, & established businesses to catalyze fresh entrepreneurial initiatives and collaborations.

### 100 5G labs initiative

- This will propel the country into the forefront of usage of 5G technology by encouraging the development of 5G applications.
- It will foster innovation across various socioeconomic sectors.
- It helps in building a <u>6G-ready academic and start-up ecosystem</u> in the country.
- It pushes for *development of indigenous telecom technology* which is critical for national security.

*India ranks among the top 3 5 G-enabled nations with a user base of 125 million.* 

#### References

PIB| Indian Mobile Congress 2023

### **Kurmi Community**

Kurmis, who are recorded as Other Backward Class (OBC) demands Scheduled Tribe (ST) status and want their Kurmali language to be included in the 8<sup>th</sup> Schedule of the Constitution.

- **Kurmis** They are a Hindu agricultural Jati (community).
- Spread India and Nepal.
- They are found *throughout India*.
- Language Kurmali, Hindi, Chattisgarhi, Marathi, Konkani, Oriya, Telegu and other south Indian languages.

**Kurmali language** comes under Indo-Aryan language family and primarily belongs to the Bihari language family by sharing some similarities with Maithili and Magahi. It has its own script called "Kurmi Kudali" which is a modified version of the Devanagari script.

- Beliefs Mostly Hindus but few Buddhists and Jains are present.
- <u>Sari and sarana</u> are their religious practice involving of worshiping nature without idols in a sacred place called guram or than.

### **Background of Caste status of Kurmis**

- Kurmis were not included as ST's in 1931 census.
- They were again excluded from the ST list in 1950.
- In 2004, Jharkhand government recommended ST status.
- However, Tribal Research Institute (TRI) held that they are a <u>sub-caste of Kunbis and not tribals</u>.
- Based on TRI report, the Centre rejected their demand.

### Process of inclusion under ST list

- This process follows a set of *modalities established in 1999*.
- The respective state or union territory shall send the initial proposal for ST status.
- It is forwarded to Union Tribal Affairs Ministry and subsequently sent to the Office of the Registrar General of India (ORGI).
- If the ORGI approves the inclusion, the proposal is then sent to the National Commission for Scheduled Tribes (NCST).
- If the NCST concur, the proposal is forwarded to the Cabinet for amendment to the *Constitution (Scheduled Tribes) Order, 1950*.

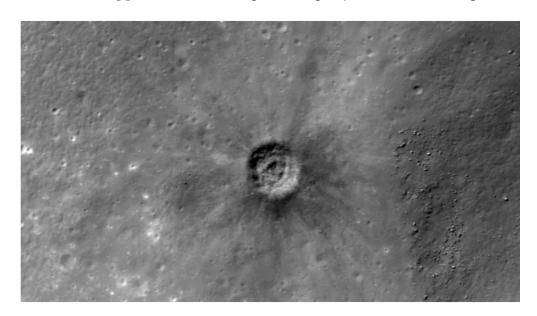
### **References**

Indian Express| Kurmis demand for ST status

### **Ejecta Halo**

According to ISRO, the Chandrayaan-3 Lander Module (Vikram lander) generated 'ejecta halo' of lunar material as it descended towards the Moon's South Pole in 2023.

- National Remote Sensing Centre (NRSC) and the ISRO estimate that <u>about 2.06</u> <u>tonnes of lunar epiregolith were ejected</u> during landing event.
- This was *displaced over an area of 108.4 m² around the landing sit*e which resulted in formation of an 'ejecta halo'.
- **Ejecta Halo** It is a halo (a bright circle of light around something) of epiregolith which appeared as an *irregular bright patch surrounding the lander*.



**Regolith** is a blanket of unconsolidated, loose, heterogeneous superficial deposits covering the solid rock which is present in Earth, the Moon, Mars, some asteroids, and other terrestrial planets and moons.

**Epiregolith** is lunar rocks and soil, or regolith, or Moon dust.

- **Observation** It is done by comparing the pre- and post-landing high-resolution panchromatic images from Orbiter High-Resolution Camera (OHRC) of the Chandrayaan-2 orbiter.
- **Significance** This discovery sheds light on the <u>behaviour of lunar materials during</u> such events.
- It opens up new avenues for research and understanding lunar geology.

India become the  $1^{st}$  country in the world to successfully achieve soft landing on the Moon's South Pole with Vikram lander of <u>Chandrayaan 3 mission</u>.

India also became the 4<sup>th</sup> country after the US, China, and Russia to have successfully landed on the moon's surface.

#### References

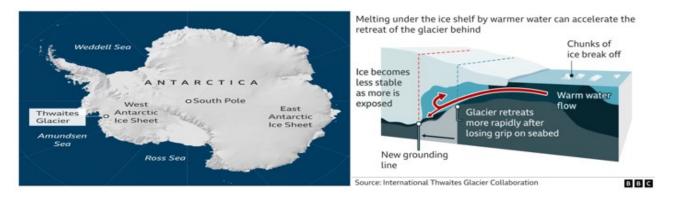
Live Mint| Ejecta Halo

### **West Antarctic Ice Shelf Melt**

According to new research, the rate of melting of the West Antarctic ice sheet will increase over this century irrespective of reduction of fossil fuel use.

- It is highly unlikely to avoid this accelerated ice melting making the Antarctic region to contribute even more to sea level rise.
- West Antarctic Ice Sheet It is <u>Antarctica's largest contributor to sea-level rise</u> which has enough ice to increase the global mean sea level by as much as 5 metres (m).

The Antarctic ice sheet contains enough ice to raise global sea-levels by about 58m (190ft) if it melted entirely.



• Cause of melting - Due to the warming of the Southern Ocean mainly the Amundsen Sea region.

**Amundsen Sea**, off the coast of West Antarctica, will warm roughly 3 times faster than the historical rate through the rest of this century which will lead to much more rapid melting of ice shelves.

• **Impacts** - Sea-level rises of around 1 metre may threat hundreds of millions of people worldwide at risk of coastal flooding.

In 2021, the UN's climate body, the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) has projected a global average sea-level rise of between 0.28m and 1.01m by 2100.

• Way forward - Governments around the world should begin to re-engineer or

evacuate heavily-populated areas in coastal regions.

**Ice sheet** is a mass of glacial ice more than 50,000 square kilometers (19,000 square miles) which contain about 99% of the fresh water on Earth, and are sometimes called continental glaciers.

**Ice Shelves** are the extension from main ice sheets into the ocean which play a key role in holding back the glaciers behind. But as ice shelves melt, it can mean that the ice behind speeds up, releasing more into the oceans.



#### References

- 1. <u>Indian Express| West Antarctic Ice Shelf Melt</u>
- 2. BBC | Melting of Ice Shelves

## **Other Important News**

### Baba Farid & Indian Hospice in Israel

- Indian Hospice (Zawiya Al-Hindiya) was established at Jerusalem in 12th century A.D., as a symbol of India's Heritage.
- In 12<sup>th</sup> century, Baba Farid, the famous Sufi saint from Punjab, visited Jerusalem, which later became the pilgrimage site for Indian pilgrimage.
- This property is under the ownership of the **Waqf Board** of India and is accessible only to individuals of Indian citizenship or heritage.

### **InSight lander**

- Interior exploration using Seismic Investigations, Geodesy and Heat Transport (InSight) is a mission launched by NASA.
- It is the 1<sup>st</sup> mission dedicated to investigate the interior structure and composition of Mars.
- $\bullet$  This mission was part of <u>NASA's Discovery</u> Program (series of missions that explore the Solar System).

## **Hostile Activity Watch Kernel (HAWK) System**

- The Karnataka Forest Department, along with the Wildlife Trust of India, has launched the HAWK System.
- It is a Cloud Based Information Management System designed to monitor all aspects of forest and wildlife crime and curb Illegal Wildlife Trade (IWT).
- WTI is a nature conservation organization formed in 1998 to conserve nature, <u>especially endangered species and threatened habitats</u>, in partnership with communities and governments.

### UNCCD's Report of land degradation in India

- According to the latest data of UN Convention to Combat Desertification (UNCCD)  $\underline{\textbf{9.45\%}}$  of India's land was degraded from 2015-2019.
- The report also says that <u>18.39%</u> of the country's population were exposed to land degradation during the same period.
- The UNCCD, established in 1994, is the only legally binding international agreement that links development and environment to sustainable land management.

### 1<sup>st</sup> Avian flu in Antarctic

- Scientists have detected the presence of avian flu for the 1<sup>st</sup> time in the Antarctic region.
- It raises concerns for remote populations of penguins and seals.
- The HPAI was detected in <u>brown skua (a predatory seabird)</u> populations on Bird Island, South Georgia.
- The viral avian influenza, especially the H5 and H7 strains known to spread among birds and mammals due to predators and scavengers feeding on infected birds.

# 1<sup>st</sup> Tribal Digital Atlas

• Jharkhand is set to develop the India's 1<sup>st</sup> Tribal Development Digital Atlas to map socioeconomic condition of tribals.

#### L Viswanathan Committee

- Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India (IRDAI) has constituted a 12-member committee under L Viswanathan.
- The committee was tasked to examine existing insurance policy wordings and suggest simple, plain wordings that are legally correct and enforceable.
- The committee's goal is to help people make informed decisions before buying insurance.
- It is a step towards IRDAI's goal of *Insurance for all by 2047*.

#### Malai

- A Kerala-based company has developed Malai, a raw material made from *coconut water* that can be used as an alternative to *animal leather*.
- Malai has been made from fermenting unutilised water from mature coconuts and other plant materials.

#### **Bharat Tex 2024**

- Ministry of Textiles will conduct the Bharat Tex, 2024 on February 2024.
- It will be the world's biggest ever textiles event that showcase the entire textile industry value chain, from India's rich cultural heritage and textile traditions to the latest technological innovations.
- ullet **5F** India's 5F Formula encompasses Farm to fibre; fibre to factory; factory to fashion; fashion to foreign.

