

## **Privatization of Water**

## What is the issue?

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Due to lacunae in the urban water sector strong push is being made for water privatisation.

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## What are the problems of privatization?

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- The problems in water sector include losses, inefficiency, unreliability, corruption, issues of quality, and mismanagement.
- But the international experience shows that the privatisation of water, privatization has never sustained over a long period of time in a comprehensive manner, especially in the urban water sector.
- Mostly privatisation of some small sub-sector like water distribution is done
  and the rest of the issues are still kept in the public sector.
- Management of water supply is an issue of rights and a basic need, as acknowledged by the judiciary.
- $\bullet$  Moreover, water is embedded in the ecosystem. Any attempt to see water only as a commodity is bound to have multiple disruptive consequences. \n
- $\bullet$  The promise of creating competition that will benefit the consumer due to privatisation has not been delivered in the power sector. \n
- The power sector is not only a monopoly but refuses to submit itself to public audit.

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## What should be done?

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• It does not address the real problem in the water sector, which is a need for better governance.

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• We need democratic, transparent, accountable and participatory governance in a bottom-up approach, on each aspect of the urban water sector where water privatisation is advocated.

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• Only those who can must be made to pay.

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**Source: The Hindu** 

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