

# **Railway Accidents**

### Why in news?

A statutory inquiry is initiated by the Commissioner of Railway Safety (CRS) following the train accident involving Kanchanjunga Express.

#### What is a railway disaster?

- The concept of a Disaster was not adequately and comprehensively defined on Indian Railways, till the year 2005.
- **Disaster in the Railway context** It traditionally refers to a serious train accident, caused by human/equipment failure, which may affect normal movement of train services with loss of human life or property or both.
- Types of railway disasters It now includes natural and other man made disasters.
- Natural Disaster It Includes Earthquakes, Floods, Cyclones, Land Slides, Snow Avalanches, Tsunami etc.
- Train Accident related Disaster It includes
  - $\circ\,$  Collisions (with a huge number of casualties)
  - Train marooned (flash floods)
  - $\circ\,$  Derailments on a bridge over a river and coaches falling down
  - Train washed away in cyclone,
  - $\circ\,$  Derailment of a train carrying explosives or highly inflammable material
  - $\circ\,$  Tunnel collapse on a train, fire or explosion in trains, and other miscellaneous cases etc.
- Manmade Disasters It covers Acts of Terrorism and Sabotage, i.e. causing deliberate loss of life and/or damage to property.
- It includes Setting a Train on fire, Railway installations etc., bomb blast at Railway Station/Train, Chemical (Terrorism) Disaster, Biological, Radiological and Nuclear Disaster.

Indian Railways (IR)

- It is the world's  $4^{th}$  largest railway network after US, China and Russia respectively.
- It is the largest system under a government in terms of passenger traffic.
- First Indian passenger train It ran between Mumbai's Bori Bandar to Thane covering a distance of 34 kms.
- Mascot It is called as '*Bholu*', dressed like *elephant*.

• Longest train route - <u>Dibrugarh-Kanyakumari Vivek Express</u> which runs between Assam and Kanyakumari that takes about 79 hours.

• **Network** – It has crossed 1,00,000 running track kms, and it is about to become fully electrified.

- UNESCO recognition It has world's *four UNESCO heritage sites*.
  - Darjeeling Himalayan Railway
  - Chhatrapati Shivaji Terminus in Mumbai
  - Nilgiri Mountain Railway
  - Kalka Shimla Railway

# What is the status of railway accidents in India?

- **Collisions** They are the worst kind of accidents and invariably result in casualties.
  - $\circ~$  In the year 2021-22 Only two
  - $\circ\,$  In the year 2022-23 A total of 6 collisions
  - $\circ\,$  In the year 2023-24 As of now, 4 collisions
- Most of these collisions involved casualties and injuries to passengers.
- National Crime Record Bureau (NCRB) Its 2022 report states that more than <u>100,000 train-related deaths</u> were reported between 2017 and 2021.
- **UIC report 2023** It found that in 2022, in the rail systems of 35 countries, 1,888 significant rail accidents were recorded.
- While overall rail system of 35 countries works out to 0.39 accidents per million train km, *Indian Railway's record is 0.03 per million train km* in 2022.
- Thus, despite major accidents involving collisions, the IR claims to have one of the best safety records in terms of accidents per million train km, even better than many European systems.

**International Union of Railways (UIC)** is the worldwide professional association representing the railway sector and promoting rail transport. It is helping Members find continuing success and opportunities.

- **Compensation for unwanted incident** Section 124A of the <u>Railways Act of 1989</u> defines an 'unwanted incident'.
- If an untoward incident occurs while the railways are in operation, the railway administration must *compensate the victim or the victim's dependent*.
- This compensation is regardless of whether or not the railway administration was negligent or made a mistake.

# What are the reasons for railway accidents in India?

• **Train Operator Error** - Human error is a contributing factor in a large number of railway accidents.

- This could be due to poor training, inexperience, reckless behavior, or a combination of these.
- **Track Problems** Track owners are responsible for keeping their tracks maintained and in good repair.
- Over time, tracks become worn and broken, which can cause train derailments and other problems.
  - $\circ$  NCRB 69% of railway accidents from 2018 to 2021 were caused due to derailments.
- Lack of Warning Signals This is particularly common in rural areas, where those in charge of these crossings often do not have the budget to make them safer.
- **Warning Signal Defects** Many crossings have warning signals installed, but they have not been maintained properly or there may be a faulty part that malfunctions.
- **Outdated and ageing train coaches** Most train coaches were developed at the *Integral Coach Factory (ICF)*, and they are known for piling up on collision.
- The updated *Linke Hoffman Busch (LHB) coaches* made of stainless steel are more effective at shock absorption and preventing derailment.
- **Overcrowding** There is a mad rush for trains on high-density routes, particularly during weekends, major festivals and summer holidays.
- Coaches are filled to four times their capacity.
- **Staff shortages** According to information presented in the Rajya Sabha in 2023, 3.12 lakh non-gazetted railway posts were vacant in the country.
- Any vacancies in these categories mean stress and overwork for the existing staff.

### **Committees for Railway Safety**

- There have been 28 reports on the railways since 1993.
- Rakesh Mohan Committee (National Transport Development Policy Committee (NTPDC)),2010
- Sam Pitroda Advisory Committee (2012)
- Kakodkar Committee (2012)
- Dinesh Trivedi Committee (2012)
- Bibek Debroy Committee (2015)

To know about Railway Safety measures, click here

# What lies ahead?

- Allow provision of low-cost equipment in locomotives to aid the driving crew.
- Strengthen preventive maintenance of signalling assets.
- Impart intensive training to staff.
- Treat every <u>Signal Passed at Danger (SPAD)</u> case as a major accident and deal with it accordingly.
- Emulate the successful examples of <u>Automatic Train Protection Systems</u> like the Mumbai suburban.
- *Safety Fund resources* should be utilised towards safety.

#### References

1. <u>The Indian Express| Steps to improve Railway Safety</u>

2. Lok Sabha| Railway Disasters

