

Reducing the Price of Petrol & Diesel

Why in news?

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The government has currently asked the "Oil Marketing Companies" (OMC) to absorb any increase in crude oil price.

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Why hasn't petrol & diesel prices reduced with curde prices?

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• Price of petrol & Diesel now is as highas it was in 2012 even though the crude prices have almost halved.

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 During that time, the government used to subsidise consumers and the loss was borne by the government, OMCs and upstream public sector oil companies.

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• Eventually the prices started falling.

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• But it wasn't reflected in the market prices as the government kept cutting the subsidies.

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• This made the prices reflect the market trends.

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 \bullet But the current directive to OMCs to absorb increase in price is seen as a policy reversal against de-regulated pricing. \n

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What can the Central Government do to reduce cost?

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• Excise duty is fixed in rupee terms Rs 17.33 per litre for diesel and Rs 21.48/litre for petrol.

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• So increase in the cost of diesel or petrol does not increase the revenue of the central government

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- \bullet It would be unwise for the government to cut the excise duty as it has subsidised the customer for already a long period. $\mbox{\sc h}$
- \bullet However the excise duty rates can be made equal for both diesel and petrol.
- It will increase the price of diesel by 2% and reduce the price of petrol by 6%.

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Hence there will be reduction in distortion.

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What can the State Governments do?

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• VAT Rate - States impose very high VAT on petrol & diesel.

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• Since VAT rates are ad valorem rates i.e calculated in percentage terms, their value in rupees increases with increase in prices.

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- Whenever the oil price increases, revenues of states also go up.
- \bullet Thus, the states should periodically reduce their VAT rates. $\mbox{\ensuremath{^{\mbox{\sc h}}}}$

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• Bringing under GST - Taxes on petrol & diesel constitute a major portion of state revenue.

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- So the states insist on keeping diesel and petrol out of GST.
- Even with a high GST rate of 32%, the states' share of the tax would be around Rs.5 /litre which is much below the current Rs 14,litre of petrol & Rs.21 per liter of diesel.

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• So to reduce the prices, all states should have a uniform GST rate for diesel and petrol.

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Source: Indian Express

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