

# **Reviving Sugar Prices**

#### Why is the issue?

\n\n

∖n

- Sugar prices have been falling due to a bumper harvest in cane this year and last year's large carry over stock.
- The government is hence considering removing maximum stock limits for trades in order to arrest the fall in prices.  $\n$

\n\n

## What have the traders sought?

\n\n

\n

- Currently, traders are allowed to store up 1000 tonnes of sugar in the north & north east regions and 500 tonnes in the other regions.  $\n$
- The industry representative have now requested doing away with this cap and also sought the removal of 20% export duty on sugar.  $\n$
- Notably, traders also raised the issue of accumulation of cane arrears (subsidy money that is paid by the government).  $\n$

\n\n

#### What is the status in the industry?

\n\n

\n

- The benchmark M-30 variety of sugar has declined by over 3% and is now trading at Rs 3,694 per quintal in Mumbai's main markets.  $\n$
- **Production Costs** 'Indian Sugar Mills Association (ISMA)' estimated the average cost of producing sugar in the 2017-18 at Rs 3,300-3,350 a quintal.  $\n$

- But many sugar mills in Maharashtra, are undertaking distress sale at Rs 3,275 a quintal, thereby suffering big losses.  $\n$
- **FRP Commitments** Significantly, mills in parts of Maharashtra had committed to pay farmers Rs.200 more than the government announced "Fair & Remunerative Price (FRP)" of Rs.255.
- Significantly, the government announced "Fair & Remunerative Price (FRP)" of Rs.255 for sugarcane farmers.  $\n$
- But mills in parts of Maharashtra had committed to pay Rs.200 more than the FRP, which will be difficult in the current situation.  $\n$
- The picture in UP is also only slightly better with sugar mills barely meeting the production costs.

\n

\n\n

## What is the Reason for price crash?

\n\n

∖n

- Falling prices are normal at the beginning of the crushing season.
- But the situation this year is worrisome due to the huge 4 million tonnes of carryover stocks from the last season and a bountiful output in the current season.

\n

• Notably, total sugar availability in India this year is expected to be a 25% surplus.

∖n

- While 29.5 million tonnes is the estimated availability, the projected consumption is only 23.5 million tonnes.  $\n$ 

\n\n

# What lies ahead?

\n\n

∖n

• The current downward spiral of Prices is expected to stabilise at around Rs 3,200 a quintal.

\n

 $\ensuremath{\bullet}$  As the government has proposed the removal of stocking limits it will usher

in bulk purchases.

∖n

- This is then expected to help in inverting price trends, which will probably happen towards the end of January.  $\n$ 

\n\n

\n\n

#### **Source: Business Standard**



