

Role of Ruminants in Climate Change

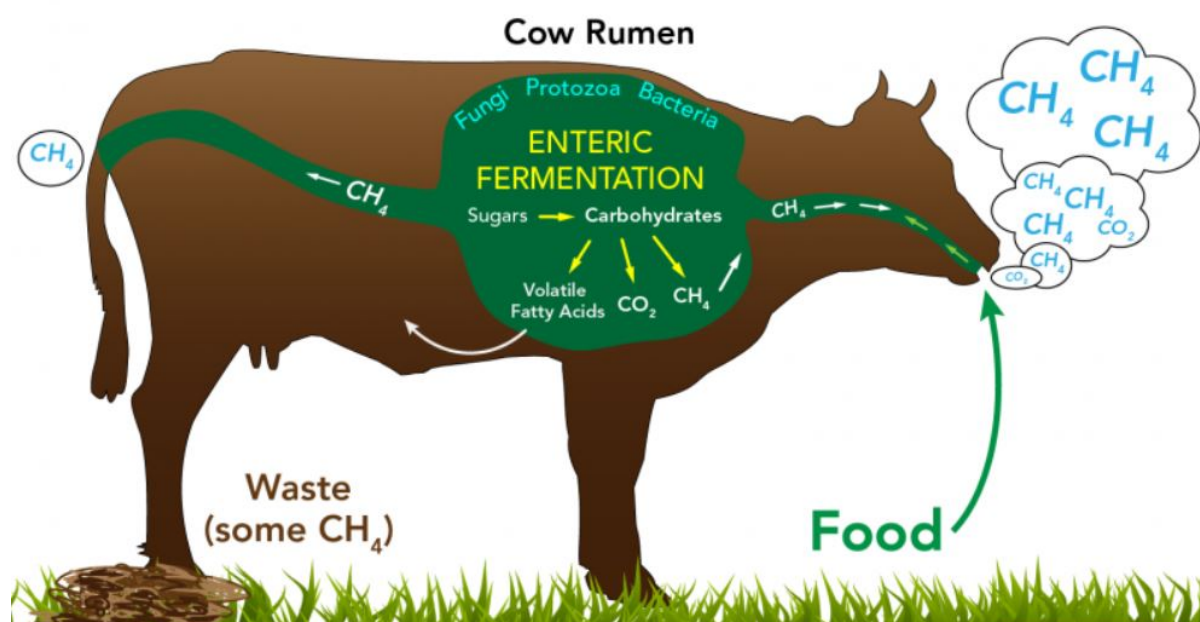
Why in news?

According to a report in the BBC, Microsoft co-founder Bill Gates has invested in an Australian climate technology start-up (Rumin8) that aims to curtail the methane emissions of cow burps.

How do cows and other animals produce methane?

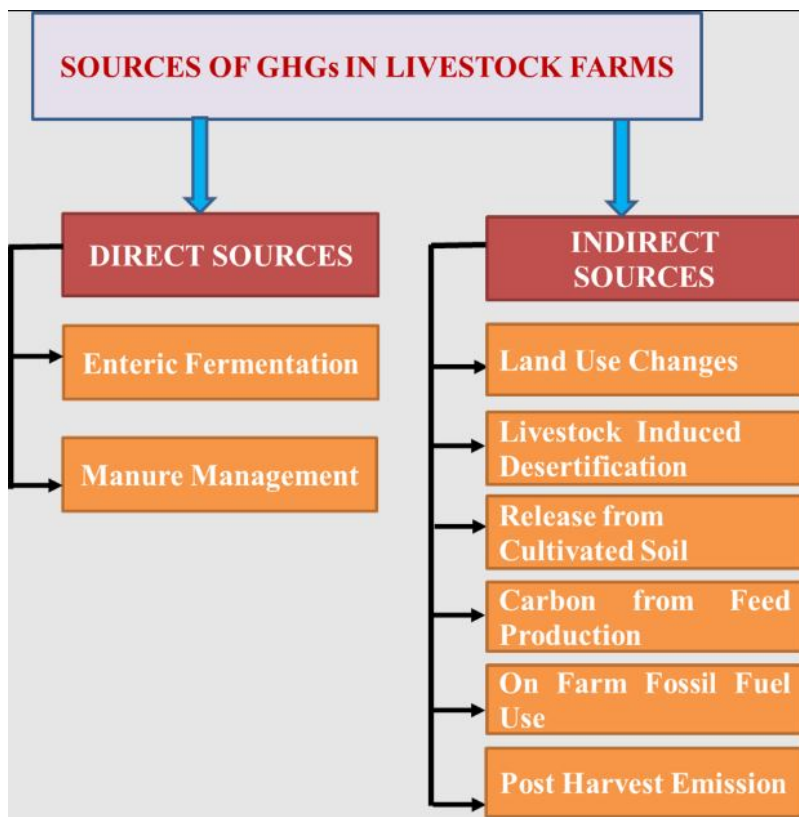
- **Ruminants** - The word 'ruminant' is derived from the Latin word *ruminare*, to chew again.
- Ruminant species include cows, sheep, goats, buffaloes, etc., which are hooved, grazing herbivores that chew cud.
- **Cud-chewing** is an adaptation that enables many hooved mammals to break down the cellulose of plant cell walls into nutrients.
- **Methane production** - Stomachs of ruminant animals have four compartments, one of which, the **rumen**, helps them to store partially digested food and let it ferment.
- This partially digested and fermented food is regurgitated (brought into the mouth again) and chewed again to finish the digestive process.
- As the vegetation ferments in the rumen, it generates methane, a potent greenhouse gas that is released mainly through **burping**.

It is estimated that the ruminant digestive system is responsible for 27% of all methane emissions from human activity.



What is the issue with methane?

- **Global warming** - Methane is one of the main drivers of climate change, responsible for 30% of the warming since preindustrial times, second only to carbon dioxide.
- **Global warming potent** - The United Nations Environment Programme reports that over a 20-year period, methane is 80 times more potent at warming than carbon dioxide.
- **Heat trapping** - While carbon dioxide remains in the atmosphere for much longer than methane, methane is roughly 25 times more powerful at trapping heat in the atmosphere.
- **Ground level ozone** - It is also the primary contributor to the formation of ground-level ozone, a colourless and highly irritating gas that forms just above the Earth's surface.



How to mitigate the methane emissions?

Livestock sector contributes around 54.6 % of total agricultural emissions in India adding to global warming.

- **Use of sea weeds** - The Australian startup, Rumin8 is developing a variety of dietary supplements that includes red seaweed, to feed to cows in a bid to reduce the amount of methane emitted into the atmosphere.
- A 2021 study found that adding seaweed to cow feed can reduce methane formation in their guts by more than 80%.
- **Genetic modification** - Researchers are trying to find gene-modifying techniques to produce **climate-smart cow** that can curtail methane emissions.

- In 2021, New Zealand announced has that they had started the world's first genetic programme to address the challenge of climate change by breeding sheep that emit lower amounts of methane.
- **Imposition of taxes** - In 2022, New Zealand proposed taxing the greenhouse gases that farm animals produce from burping and urinating.

Reference

1. [The Indian Express | How do cows and sheep contribute to climate change?](#)

