

## **SC Verdict on BCCI Reforms**

## Why in news?

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• Supreme Court has approved a new draft constitution for the Board of Control for Cricket in India (BCCI), making few alterations to Lodha Committee recommendations.

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- Click  $\underline{here}$  to know more on the recommendations  $\n$ 

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## What are the highlights of the verdict?

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- **Representation** Lodha panel's call for "one state, one vote" was to ensure representation for every state in the BCCI.
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- It had also asked for only one association from each state to be considered a full member and have voting rights.

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- The Supreme Court has rejected this recommendation.  $\slashn$
- The court disagreed that cricket could prosper only if the BCCI was represented by every State and Union Territory.  $\n$
- The court noted that territoriality as a basis of exclusion would be problematic.

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- As, this would ignore cricketing culture in some state, the history and contributions by such associations to cricket's prosperity.  $\n$
- Instead, the court restored full BCCI memberships to three associations in Gujarat and Maharashtra each.

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- Cooling-off period Lodha panel report makes officer-bearers either at state or BCCI level not eligible to contest for a succeeding election.
- They would have to serve a three-year cooling period following each term.  $\n$
- The BCCI objected to this stating office-bearers needed a form of continuity to apply the knowledge and experience.  $\gamma_n$
- This is essential to strengthen the administration of the game as well as to strengthen the BCCI's role in the ICC.  $\n$
- The Court has found a middle ground, balancing the two views.  $\ensuremath{\sc views}$
- It allows all office-bearers to serve two consecutive terms (six years) before they serve a necessary cooling-off period.  $\n$
- Nevertheless, it sticks to the maximum cumulative term of nine years.  $\ensuremath{\sc n}$
- These include terms at both state and BCCI level, and/or a combination of both.

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- Notably, all the present office-bearers have served 9 or more years.  $\ensuremath{\sc n}$
- Membership SC agreed with BCCI's view in giving full membership status for Services Sports Control Board, Railways and Association of Universities.  $\n$
- There is a concern that the ruling power has control over these institutional votes.

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- So Lodha panel had recommended stripping them of full membership to end government influence on BCCI's functioning.  $\n$
- BCCI however argued against this saying that the Railways had employed more cricketers than any other institution.  $\n$
- Apex council The court upheld the panel's recommendation of an "apex council" to professionally manage the BCCI.  $\n$
- The council would consist of a Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and other officers.  $\n$
- These must be recruited on a transparent and professional basis.

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• It will, for the first time, have well-rounded representation, including players

and women cricketers.

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- The new structure will allow employed professionals to execute the decisions made by the Apex Council, making the BCCI functioning more professional.  $\n$
- Selectors The court modified the number of selectors from the current three to five.  $\n$
- It observed that a "broad-based selection committee" was required to tap the talent pool spread across the country.  $\n$
- **Besides**, SC retained the Lodha panel suggestion of barring government ministers or servants from holding cricket office.

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## Source: The Hindu, Indian Express

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