

## Space Tourism

### Why in news?

Entrepreneur and pilot Gopi Thotakura is set to become the first Indian to venture into space as a tourist on the NS-25 mission of Blue Origin.

### What is space tourism?

- Space tourism is a section of the aviation sector which seeks to provide tourists with the opportunity to become astronauts and experience space travel for recreational, leisure, or business purposes.

Types of space tourism	
<b>Sub-orbital</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A suborbital flight is one that goes up into space, which is somewhat arbitrarily defined as either 50 miles or 100 kilometers in altitude but does not achieve orbit.</li> <li>• The spacecraft comes right back down to Earth.</li> </ul>
<b>Orbital</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• An orbital flight is one that achieves orbit.</li> <li>• That is a state where the spacecrafts forward momentum balances out the pull of Earth's gravity so that it remains in that state, without requiring any further propulsion, indefinitely.</li> </ul>

- **NS-25 mission-** It is fully reusable sub-orbital mission of Blue Origin which takes the passengers much further than the Karman line.

*Kármán Line lies nearly 100 kilometres above our heads and is considered to be the boundary between Earth's atmosphere and outer space.*

ISRO's space tourism
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Indian Space Research Organisation (ISRO) has announced plans to launch a space tourism program by the year 2030.</li> <li>• <b>Sub-orbital space travel-</b> The program is expected to include sub-orbital space travel, which involves a spacecraft reaching the edge of space and providing a brief period of low gravity before returning to Earth.</li> <li>• <b>Cost-</b>The estimated ticket cost for a space tourist is projected to be around Rs 6 crore.</li> <li>• <b>Reusable module-</b> ISRO is working on a space tourism module that is both safe and reusable, which is crucial for the economic viability of space flights.</li> <li>• <b>Gaganyaan program-</b> The development of technologies through the Gaganyaan program, India's maiden human spaceflight program, is contributing to the building blocks necessary for human space missions.</li> </ul>

## What is the significance of space tourism?

- **Space democratization-** It aims to make space more accessible to a broader range of people beyond trained astronauts and scientists.
- **Economic growth-** It has the potential to create new industries, generate revenue, and stimulate economic growth.
- **Advancements in space technology-** Advancements in lightweight materials, life support systems, and re-entry technology benefit not only tourists but also astronauts and scientific missions.
- **Environmental awareness-** Experiencing space firsthand can lead to a greater understanding of the fragility and interconnectedness of earth's ecosystems.
- **Promote education-** It can inspire people of all ages to pursue careers in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM).
- **Cultural exchange-** It has the power to promote cultural exchange and understanding by bringing together people from diverse backgrounds and nationalities.
- **Space as shared resource-** International cooperation in space tourism can pave the way for joint scientific missions, knowledge sharing, and peaceful exploration.

## What are the challenges?

- **High-cost** - Currently, space tourism is expensive. A passenger generally has to pay at least a million dollars to reach outer space.
- **Safety concerns-**The inherent risks associated with space travel, such as launch failures and space debris, necessitate stringent safety protocols and risk mitigation strategies.
- **Regulatory issues-** The lack of comprehensive regulatory frameworks poses challenges for the space tourism industry. Establishing clear regulations is essential for ensuring safety and managing liability.
- **High costs-** The high cost of entry remains a significant barrier as a passenger generally has to pay at least a million dollars to reach outer space.
- **Technological limitations-** Current technology limits the frequency and capacity of space flights.
- **Environmental impact-**The environmental sustainability of space tourism is a concern, particularly regarding the carbon footprint of rocket launches and potential space debris.
- **Medical risks** - Space tourism can cause health issues from microgravity, increased radiation exposure, and extreme acceleration.
- **Psychological challenges** - Long journeys and living in space can cause psychological problems, such as worrying about connecting with Earth and adapting to harsh conditions.

*Approximately 3% of astronauts died during their space flight which is quite a high fatality rate.*

## Reference

[The Indian Express-What is space tourism](#)

