

## The North Korea Connundrum

### Why in news?

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The North Korea conducted its sixth nuclear test recently.

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### What is the history of Nuclear crises in Korea?

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- The current one is the third nuclear crisis on the Korean peninsula.  
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- **First Crisis** - Post-Cold War, U.S. and USSR withdrew naval and tactical nuclear weapons globally, including the ones in Korea.  
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- But the U.S-South Korea military exercises were restarted.  
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- Subsequently in 1993 with North Korea threatening to withdraw from the Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT).  
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- The crisis was averted by direct talks with the U.S. leading to an Agreed Framework in 1994.  
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- Under which North Korea suspended its decision to withdraw from the NPT, agreed to freeze its nuclear activities.  
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- The Clinton administration pledged to provide nuclear power reactors also provided more than \$800 million of food aid.  
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- **Second Crisis** - The Bush administration in 2002 declared North Korea part of the 'axis of evil' & annulled the 1994 Framework.  
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- North Korea reacted by formally quitting the NPT in 2003.  
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- China and Russia initiated the Six-Party Talks in 2003 which the U.S. later joined under pressure.  
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- However, when the U.S. imposed new sanctions a few months later and North Korea responded with its first nuclear test in 2006.

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### **What are the stats of the North Korea's weapons program?**

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- **The Bomb** - The current bomb is estimated to be six times bigger than the Hiroshima bomb.

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- Measuring 6.3 on the Richter scale, the recent test indicates an explosive yield of approximately 120 kilotons.

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- The North Koreans described it as a successful hydrogen bomb.

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- **Missile Program** - 4 nuclear tests & more than 80 missile tests have already been conducted under the current leadership.

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- U.S. intelligence have estimated that North Korea has succeeded in producing a mini-warhead that could be mated with its missiles.

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- **ICBM** - In July 2017, Hwasong-14 was tested, which is an intercontinental ballistic missile (ICBM).

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- It reached a height of 2,800km and travelled a distance of 933km bringing mainland America within range.

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### **What is the position of the key countries?**

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- U.N. Security Council has met regularly to condemn North Korean missile tests and tighten sanctions.

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- **USA** - The U.S. policy under Mr. Trump has been 'maximum pressure on North Korea' through China.

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- Threats & counter threats have been exchanged frequently in recent times.  
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- Recently US blamed China for increasing trade with North Korea, thereby diluting the sanctions in place.  
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- While US has assured a strong military retaliation if things worsen, it has also pragmatically stressed that it doesn't seek regime change or the accelerated reunification of the Koreas.  
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- **China and Russia** - They too have been highly critical of North Korea's missile and nuclear tests.  
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- They voice that if the U.S. and South Korea were to suspend their joint military exercises, North Korea would open up for a dialogue.  
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### **Why North Korea is strengthening its arsenal?**

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- Kim Jong-un, looks convinced that he needs a nuclear deterrent for regime survival.  
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- He clearly desires regime recognition & easing of sanctions.  
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- He might also be to use this to dilute U.S - South Korea ties in an effort to unify the peninsula.  
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- China too has half hearted in its efforts towards a denuclearised Korean peninsula as it fears that it would eventually lead to a regime collapse in the North & the creation of re-unificated Korea that is allied to USA.  
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### **How can this be resolved?**

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- North Korea might agree to a temporary halt in testing as a means to start a dialogue but will not accept any restriction on capabilities in return for mere verbal assurances.  
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- All the key powers involved should take up confidence building measures to

chalk out a clear agenda.

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- Mutual recognition will have to precede reunification and for this, the two Koreas need to begin a dialogue.

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- For now, the objectives of 'denuclearisation' has to be set aside and North Korea's nuclear capability will have to be recognized.

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**Source: The Hindu**

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