

UNFCCC Meet - Challenges Ahead

What is the issue?

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- Discussions on the Paris Agreement are expected to be the prime agenda in the upcoming UNFCCC's Conference of Parties in Bonn, Germany. \n
- However, a range of challenges lies ahead for the countries in arriving at a consensus in this regard.
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What are the challenges ahead?

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- Renewed target At the Paris COP, countries agreed to try and limit global warming to 1.5°C, half a degree lesser than the previous 2°C target. \n
- However, scientists have highlighted that emissions were moving at a pace of leading to a 4°C warmer earth. \n
- Therefore, limiting warming to less than 1.5°C demands a renewed understanding of the policies and actions. \n
- The challenge lies ahead in ensuring more strong pledges for 2030, and deepening mitigation targets. \n
- However, current conditions in global discussions and national targets, do not suggest that emissions could drop precipitously. \n
- NDC Reports suggest that Intended Nationally Determined Contributions (INDCs), when added up, fall short of attaining even the 2°C target. \n
- \bullet Further, NDCs require financial and technological support from rich countries for their full implementation. \n
- Given the ongoing global developments, finance and technology transfer to

developing countries from rich nations seems not very optimistic. \n

• **US withdrawal** - This will be the first COP after the US pulled out of the Paris Agreement.

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- There is a speculation that this would alter the stance of Europe, Australia and other large countries with regard to the Paris deal. \n
- Given this and the political conditions prevalent today, a renegotiation of the PA is also not a viable option.

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What is the way forward?

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• Adaptation is increasingly becoming central to efforts on mitigating the climate change impacts.

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- A greater readiness on the part of all nations is required to take forward the goals on mitigation. $\gamman \ensuremath{\n}$
- \bullet Countries have to compromise on their erstwhile hard positions, to make progress in reducing emissions and building climate resilience. \n

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Source: The Hindu

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