

# **UPSC Daily Current Affairs | Prelim Bits 02-08-2020**

#### **Contempt of Court**

- Contempt of court is a concept that seeks to protect judicial institutions from motivated attacks and unwarranted criticism, and as a legal mechanism to punish those who lower its authority.
- Article 129 of the Constitution conferred on the Supreme Court the power to punish contempt of itself.
- Article 215 conferred a corresponding power on the High Courts.
- It is one of the restrictions on freedom of speech and expression under Indian Constitution
- The punishment for contempt of court is simple imprisonment for a term up to six months and/or a fine of up to Rs. 2,000.
- **Civil contempt** is committed when someone willfully disobeys a court order, or willfully breaches an undertaking given to court.
- Criminal contempt consists of three forms:
- 1. Words, signs and actions that "scandalize" or "lower" the authority of any court.
- 2. Prejudices or interferes with any judicial proceeding.
- 3. Interferes with or obstructs the administration of justice.
- Fair and accurate reporting of judicial proceedings and fair criticism on the merits of a judicial order after a case is heard and disposed of will not amount to contempt of court.
- The Contempt of Courts Act, 1971 was amended in 2006 to introduce truth as a valid defence against a charge of contempt, if it was in public interest and was invoked in a bona fide manner.

### **Barakah Nuclear Power Plant**

- Barakah is the Arab world's first nuclear reactor started by UAE.
- Barakah, means "blessing" in Arabic, it was built by a consortium led by the Korea Electric Power Corporation.
- Recently the power plant achieved its criticality, the first step towards power production.
- Criticality of a nuclear power plant A nuclear reactor is said to be

critical when the nuclear fuel inside a reactor sustains a fission chain reaction.

- Each fission reaction releases a sufficient number of neutrons to sustain a series of reactions.
- Heat is produced in the event, which is used to generate steam that spins a turbine to create electricity.

#### **Emergency Credit Line Guarantee Scheme**

- The Emergency Credit Line Guarantee Scheme was rolled out in May as part of the Centre's Aatma-nirbhar package in response to the COVID-19 crisis.
- It has a corpus of Rs. 41,600 crore and provides fully guaranteed additional funding of up to Rs. 3 lakh crore.
- Eligibility As of February 29,2020, MSMEs which have an annual turnover up to Rs. 100 crore and with outstanding loans of up to Rs. 25 crores.
- Union government has recently decided to expand the scheme, to cover enterprises with a turnover up to Rs. 250 crore, with outstanding loans up to Rs. 50 crore.
- It aims to cover loans given to larger firms, as well as to self-employed people and professionals who have taken loans for business purposes.
- Individual beneficiaries include both professionals such as doctors, lawyers and chartered accountants, as well as self-employed people such as vendors or taxi drivers.

### **High Impact Community Development**

- HICDPs constitute an important dimension of the dynamic development partnership between India and the Maldives.
- Under HICDP, India and Maldives have committed to execute projects under a total grant of USD 5.5 million.
- These projects are driven by the needs of communities on the islands.
- They will be implemented by City and Local Councils.
- It will enhance the capacities of locally-elected representatives and support the decentralization efforts of the Government of Maldives.
- Recently, India and Maldives signed a contract for setting up Neighborhood Fish Processing Plants at two of the islands in the neighboring country.
- These fish-processing plants are the first in a series of High Impact Community Development projects.

## **Nag River**

- The Nag River is flowing through the city of Nagpur in Maharashtra.
- Nagpur city derives its name from the Nag River.
- It originates in Lava hills near wadi, forming a part of the Kanhan-Pench river system.
- The river serves as drainage for Nagpur and as a result its ecosystem is heavily polluted by urban waste from the city.
- In 2019 the Nag River Rejuvenation was cleared by National River Conservation Directorate.

## Lonar Lake

- Lonar Lake is a saline and alkaline lake located in Maharashtra.
- It was created by an asteroid collision with earth impact during the Pleistocene Epoch.
- It is one of the four known, hyper-velocity, impact craters in basaltic rock anywhere on Earth.
- The other three basaltic impact structures are in southern Brazil.
- It is a notified National Geo-heritage Monument, situated inside the Deccan Plateau.
- Recently, the lake turned red/pink due to lowered water levels and high salinity caused growth of Halo bacterium and increased Carotenoid levels.

## Haloarchaea

- Halophiles are a group of microorganisms that can grow and often thrive in areas of high salt (NaCl) concentration.
- Halo archaea or halophilic archaea is a bacteria culture which produces pink pigment and is found in water saturated with salt.
- Because of the biomass of Halo archaea microbes, the surface of Lonar Lake turned red or pink.
- As the biomass subsides, the color will disappear.
- Halo archaea microbes were ingested by Flamingos.
- These microbes acted as carotenoid (pigment) rich food for the birds.
- Flamingos get their red-pink color from special coloring chemicals called pigments found in the algae and invertebrates they eat.

## **Geo-Heritage Monument**

• Geo-heritage refers to the geological features which are inherently or culturally significant offering insight to earth's evolution or history to

earth science or that can be utilized for education.

• Geological Survey of India (GSI) is the parent body which is making efforts towards identification and protection of geo-heritage sites.

Source: The Hindu, Times of India, Air News

