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Wheat Bran Marine Bacterial Consortia

- The <u>National Institute of Ocean Technology (NIOT)</u> has developed an ecofriendly crude oil <u>bioremediation mechanism</u> technology.
- It has been developed using consortia of marine microbes wheat bran (WB) immobilized on agro-residue bacterial cells.
- In marine ecosystem, hydrocarbon clastic deep sea microbial consortium (two or more group of bacteria) plays an important role in breaking down oil in the event of a spill.
- The microbial community serves as energetic primary degraders of complex mixture of petroleum hydrocarbons into various aldehydes, ketones and acidic metabolites.
- Significance of the finding
- 1. It was found that complete breakdown and degradation of crude oil was achievable using wheat bran marine bacterial consortia.
- 2. The NIOT study found that immobilised bacterial cells had better oil degrading capacity than the free bacterial cells.
- 3. They could remove 84 per cent of the oils within 10 days.
- 4. Whereas the free bacterial cells degraded a maximum of 60 per cent of the crude oil at optimised conditions.

Framework for Regulatory Sandbox

- The International Financial Services Centres Authority (IFSCA) has introduced a Framework for Regulatory Sandbox to tap into innovative FinTech solutions.
- The Regulatory Sandbox shall operate within the IFSC located at GIFT City.
- Under this Sandbox framework, entities operating in the capital market, banking, and insurance and financial services space shall be granted facilities to experiment with innovative FinTech solutions.
- Under the Sandbox experiments can be carried out in a live environment with a limited set of real customers for a limited time frame.
- These features shall be fortified with necessary safeguards for investor protection and risk mitigation.

- As an additional steps towards creating an innovation-centric ecosystem in the IFSC, IFSCA has proposed the creation of an "Innovation Sandbox"
- The Innovation Sandbox will be managed and facilitated by the Market Infrastructure Institutions (MIIs) operating within the IFSC.

IFSCA

- Union government has established International Financial Services Centres Authority to regulate all financial services in International Financial Services Centres (IFSCs).
- IFSCA has an objective to develop a world class FinTech hub at the IFSC located at GIFT City in Gandhinagar (Gujarat, India).
- The IFSCA will consist of nine members, appointed by the central government.
- 1. This Include Chairperson, a member each from the RBI, SEBI, the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India (IRDAI), and the Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority (PFRDA)
- 2. Two members from the Ministry of Finance.
- 3. Two other members will be appointed on the recommendation of a Selection Committee.
- All members of the IFSC Authority will have a term of three years, subject to reappointment
- IFSCA's 'FinTech' initiatives includes financial products and financial services across the spectrum of banking, insurance, securities and fund management.

Frontier Technologies Cloud Innovation Centre

- Recently NITI Aayog has announced the establishment of a Frontier Technologies Cloud Innovation Centre (CIC) with Amazon Web Services, AWS.
- This aims to address societal challenges through digital innovation, which is first of its kind in India.
- This CIC is part of the AWS CIC Global Programme which provides an opportunity for government agencies, non-profits and educational institutions, for
- 1. Come together on pressing challenges,
- 2. Apply design thinking,
- 3. Test new ideas,
- 4. Access the technology expertise of AWS.

• The NITI Aayog Frontier Technologies CIC will be a great enabler to budding innovators and start-ups and help in leveraging emerging technologies such as AI, IOT and robotics, block chain.

SCO Start-up Forum

- <u>SCO</u> will launch its first ever Startup Forum on 27th October 2020 ahead of the SCO trade ministers meeting.
- The forum will lay the foundation for multilateral cooperation and engagement among the Shanghai Cooperation Organisation (SCO) Member States to develop and hone their start up ecosystems, collectively.
- The Forum shall identify areas of cooperation by launching multiple entrepreneurial activities like
- 1. Start-up showcases through a dedicated virtual platform,
- 2. Mobilizing capital for start-ups,
- 3. Sharing of best practices,
- 4. Procuring social innovations etc.

Chinese Pink Dolphins

- Indo-Pacific humpback dolphin is a species of humpback dolphin inhabiting coastal waters of the eastern Indian and western Pacific Oceans.
- This species is often referred to as the Chinese white/pink dolphin in China (including Macao), Hong Kong, Taiwan and Singapore as a common name.
- IUCN Status of the animal is vulnerable.
- According to recent observations Chinese pink dolphins are making a comeback in the Pearl river estuary, one of the most heavily industrialised areas on Earth
- Pink dolphins have seen a decline in their numbers in the past 15 years by 70-80 per cent.

Pearl River

- The Pearl River estuary includes Hong Kong, Macau as well as the mainland Chinese cities of Shenzhen, Guangzhou and Dongguan.
- About 22 million people live in the area.
- The estuary is one of the busiest shipping lanes in the world.

CPCB Air Quality Index

- Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) has released the <u>Air Quality Index</u> bulletin recently.
- According to the report
- 1. Half the 54 cities, in six north Indian states, monitored by the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB), reported 'poor' or 'very poor' air.
- 2. The 54 cities were spread across Delhi, Punjab, Haryana, Rajasthan, Uttar Pradesh (UP) and Chandigarh.
- 3. Only four cities in these states had a 'poor' Air Quality Index (AQI) October 1, 2020,
- 4. The number in the 'poor' or 'very poor' categories had increased to 27 by October 15.
- 5. The particulate matter had increased substantially in over 20 cities in the last 15 days.
- Reasons for increased pollution includes
- 1. Unfavourable weather conditions like a dip in temperature,
- 2. Low wind speed and ventilation index which don't allow pollutants to disperse.
- 3. Local factors like vehicular emissions, dust, and industrial emissions.

Source: PIB, AIR News, Down To Earth

