

## Year End Review 2018, NITI Aayog - Part - II

Click here for Part -I

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# **Institutionalise Project Monitoring To Improve Implementation and Efficacy of Government Schemes**

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- **Monitoring Framework 2018-19** Given the increased focus on outcome-based monitoring, DMEO (Development, Monitoring and Evaluation Office) of NITI Aayog initiated an exercise.
- The aim is to develop well-defined output and outcomes, along with measurable indicators, for all CS and CSS (Central Sector and Centrally Sponsored Schemes) outlays.
- The resultant <u>Output Outcome Monitoring Framework 2018-19</u> is to be monitored through a newly developed web-based interactive dashboard to which Ministries/Departments have access.
- $\bullet$  Evaluation of selected programmes is done along with quick assessment studies to identify gaps in scheme implementation. \n
- Outcome Budget A dashboard for updating progress of Union Outcome Budget, 2017-18, was developed.
- $\bullet$  Ministries/Departments were given access to this dashboard to upload data.  $\ensuremath{\backslash} n$
- Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) The Ministry of Statistics and programme Implementation (MoSPI) has developed an elaborate list of National SDG indicators.
- NITI Aayog is entrusted with the <u>task of overseeing the implementation of SDGs</u> in the country.  $\$
- A <u>Task Force on SDGs</u> has been constituted by NITI Aayog, involving participation of Central Ministries, State governments and think tanks.

• NITI Aayog has mapped out Central Ministries as well as centrally sponsored/central sector schemes and other government initiatives on the SDGs and associated targets.

• Many States/UTs have also conducted similar <u>mapping</u> of their departments, schemes and initiatives.

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• NITI Aayog has held 21 National /Regional <u>Consultations</u> on SDGs with various stakeholders.

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- Vice Chairman, NITI Aayog has presented <u>India's Voluntary National Review Report</u> on the implementation of SDGs at the UN High Level Political Forum.
- $\bullet$  NITI Aayog is also developing a comprehensive <u>SDG India Index</u> with indicators for measuring performance of States/UTs on SDGs. \n
- The Sustainable Development Framework 2018-22 for India was also signed by NITI Aayog CEO and the UN Secretary General.
- **Project Appraisal** Being the Project Appraisal Wing of Government of India, NITI Aayog has appraised several public funded and PPP projects, including Central and State sector projects.
- Monitoring of performance of UTs NITI Aayog has developed the Dashboard, a progress tracker for Union Territories of India (UTs).
- $\bullet$  It monitors and tracks the monthly progress of various developmental schemes/ projects/ initiatives of the government.  $\mbox{\sc h}$

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# Partnerships with National and International Organisations and Promote Stakeholder Consultation in Policy Making

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- NITI has provided the platform to collaborate with national and international think tanks on wide-ranging areas.
- SAMAVESH This is an initiative aimed at networking and partnership with knowledge and research institutions using a hub and spoke model, to share knowledge and link policy with practice.

• **Champions of Change** - Two workshops of young CEOs and entrepreneurs were organised to make policy making responsive to stakeholder consultation.

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• Prime Minister along-with his senior Cabinet Ministers directly interacted with young influencers on topics like New India by 2022, Digital India, Doubling Farmers' Income, etc.

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• **Judicial system** - A Global Conference on Arbitration discussed on the dispute resolution mechanisms in the country.

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• Global Arbitration Review (GAR) Awards declared India as the winner in the 'Jurisdiction that has made great progress' category.

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### **Knowledge and Innovation Hub**

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• Of its several mandates, NITI is tasked to

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i. maintain a state-of-the-art resource centre

 ${\it ii.}$  be a repository of research on good governance and best practices in sustainable and equitable development

iii. help in dissemination of knowledge to stakeholders  $\n$ 

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 $\bullet$  Several initiatives have been taken to develop the repository of knowledge, including -

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i. best practices of States across all sectors

ii. best practices on skilling for employability  $\n$ 

iii. best practices addressing challenges of equity, access, quality, relevance and finance

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iv. Good Practices Resource Book (2015) - to consolidate the innovative work in social security, infrastructure, child protection and local governance  $\n$ 

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#### **Promote Entrepreneurial Ecosystem**

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• Atal Innovation Mission (AIM) - This is a flagship initiative under the aegis of NITI Aayog, to promote innovation and entrepreneurship in the country.

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 AIM is working at the grassroots level to help students and teachers transform into innovators, develop an entrepreneurial mindset, for developing a 'New India' by 2022.

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 $\bullet$  In the first phase, the programmes have established a network of innovation institutions, at the school and higher education levels -  $\mbox{\sc h}$ 

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- i. Atal Tinkering Labs (ATLs) students from Class VI onwards work with Robots, 3D printers, internet of things, etc
- iii. Atal New India Challenges (ANICs) supports creation of tech products from existing patents and prototypes \n

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• Global Entrepreneurship Summit 2017: Women First: Prosperity for All - NITI hosted the GES 2017 at Hyderabad.

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• GES connected top entrepreneurship talent with investors and the start-up ecosystem across the globe.

- As a follow-up to GES it was announced that NITI Aayog would set up a Women Entrepreneurship Cell.
- Women Entrepreneurship Platform NITI Aayog launched the Women Entrepreneurship Platform (WEP), on the occasion of International Women's Day.

 $\bullet$  It is aimed at building an ecosystem to help women realize their entrepreneurial aspirations, scale-up innovative initiatives and chalk-out sustainable, long-term strategies for their businesses. \n

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#### **Catalysing Reforms in Agriculture**

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In view of the goal of the government to double farmer's income by 2022, a series of initiatives have been undertaken by NITI Aayog.

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- Model Act on Agricultural Land Leasing, 2017 Formulated by NITI Aayog, the Act's aim is to recognize the rights of the tenant and safeguard interest of landowners.
- **Reforms of APMC Act** NITI Aayog launched in 2017, the Model Agricultural Produce and Livestock Marketing Committee (APLMC) Act 2017, which states are being asked to adopt.
- Agricultural Marketing and Farmer Friendly Reforms Index NITI Aayog developed this index to sensitise States about the need to undertake reforms to induce healthy competition between States.
- This will be in three key areas of agriculture market, land lease and forestry on private land (felling and transit of trees).
- **Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana** A roadmap for the scheme was prepared by NITI Aayog.
- Rejuvenating Fertilizer Sector NITI steered several committees for revival of new plants at Gorakhpur, Sindri, Barauni and Ramagundam, and selection of technology for Talcher plant.

• This is to achieve the aim of India becoming self-sufficient in the production of urea by 2022.

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 $\bullet$  Pilot project of introduction of Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT) in fertilizer was successfully completed in several States.  $\$ 

• Alternative Mechanisms for Implementation of MSP - As per Budget 2018-19, NITI Aayog is tasked with developing alternative mechanisms for MSP implementation.

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• NITI Aayog has laid down a mechanism comprising three options:

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i. Market Assurance Scheme

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ii. Price Deficiency Payment Scheme

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iii. Private Procurement and Stockist Scheme

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 Pilots for Price Deficiency Payments are being proposed in Maharashtra and Madhya Pradesh for cotton and pulses, respectively.

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• **Doubling farmers' income** - NITI Aayog has constituted a task force to develop a business model to focus on the implementation of the pilot projects in this regard.

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• The initiative will promote 10 pilot projects in different agro-climatic regions of India, preferably through social entrepreneurs.

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The key principles are

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 $i.\ market\ driven\ approach$ 

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ii. encouraging application of S&T in agriculture production

 ${\it iii.}$  minimizing farmer's risks

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iv. using of modern business practices for value addition  $\n$ 

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### **Promoting Adoption of Frontier Technology**

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- **Promoting Digital India** NITI acted as the key driver of the digital payment movement post-demonetisation, and undertook programmes to promote pan-India digital payment.
- A mass literary movement across Ministries, industry bodies, educational institutions and States was undertaken.
- 100 <u>Digi Dhan Melas</u> were organised over 100 days in 100 cities.
- Undertaking information, education and communication to incentivize States/UTs, five crore <u>Jan Dhan accounts</u> were brought to digital platform.
- The <u>Lucky Grahak Yojana and the Digi Dhan Vyapar Yojana</u> were launched to promote digital payments - consumers and merchants won cashback rewards under these.

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- NITI also promoted the development of the <u>BHIM App</u> to enable ease of digital payments, especially in remote areas.
- Under the NITI-launched <u>Less-Cash Townships Scheme</u>, based on third party verification, 75 townships were certified where more than 80% of transactions were through digital mode.  $\n$
- Shared, Connected and Clean Mobility Solutions NITI has been working on these solutions to be adopted readily in smart cities. It came out with the-

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- i. 'India Leaps Ahead: Transformative Mobility Solutions for All' report
- ii. policy briefs on 'India's Energy Storage Mission: A Make in India

Opportunity for Globally Competitive Battery Manufacturing'

iii. 'Valuing Society First: an Assessment of the Potential for a Feebate Policy in India' report

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• Besides, EV Charging Stations were setup at NITI to provide charging services to electric vehicles.

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- NITI Aayog has formed six inter-ministerial committees to decide on issues related to strategies to scale up transformative mobility.
- The MOVE: Global Mobility Summit was held in September 2018, which focussed on raising awareness on various aspects of Mobility.
- Adoption of frontier technologies in governance:

• Artificial Intelligence - NITI Aayog has been mandated to develop the National Program on Artificial Intelligence (AI).

• It is also tasked to assess their impact on India's economy, society and governance.

- In partnership with IBM and ISRO, a pilot project to develop a crop yield prediction model using AI to provide real time advisory to farmers is being implemented in 10 aspirational districts.
- Similar pilot projects in the areas of healthcare and re-skilling in collaboration with various developers are being finalised.
- A National Strategy on Artificial Intelligence was released by NITI, detailing core strategies and recommendations on promoting the use of AI in key areas of governance.
- Blockchain NITI is preparing a discussion paper on India Chain, which will delineate the conceptual framework and architectural design of India Chain.
- This is a proposal on India specific infrastructural platform leveraging elements of India Stack such as Aadhaar, UPI and eSign.
- Projects under consideration are -

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i. pharmaceutical supply chain for identification of spurious drugs  $\n$ 

ii. fertilizer supply chain eliminating subsidy leakage

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iii. digitisation of land records

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• Roadmap for 'Make in India' in Body Armour - A NITI Aayog committee has prepared a roadmap for making body armours in India to meet the requirements of defence, para military and security agencies.

The major recommendations made include -

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i. promotion of indigenous manufacturing of body armours including raw materials

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ii. creating more testing facilities

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iii. adopting Indian standards in body armours

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 ${\rm iv.}$  setting up of Centres of Excellence to pursue R&D in nano-technology materials for lightweight body armours

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 $\ensuremath{\mathbf{v}}.$  simplification of the procurement process

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- **Methanol Economy** An apex committee and five task forces are working on a roadmap for implementation of methanol economy.
- Government is contemplating a 'Methanol Economy Fund' to promote indigenously-produced methanol to reduce 10% of India's crude oil imports and thus reducing the fuel bill.
- Initiatives identified include production of methanol from high ash coal and municipal solid waste, storage, transportation and R&D on methanol engines.

 $\bullet$  Minister of Shipping has decided to use methanol blended fuel for inland waterways transportation.  $\ensuremath{\backslash n}$ 

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**Source: PIB** 

