

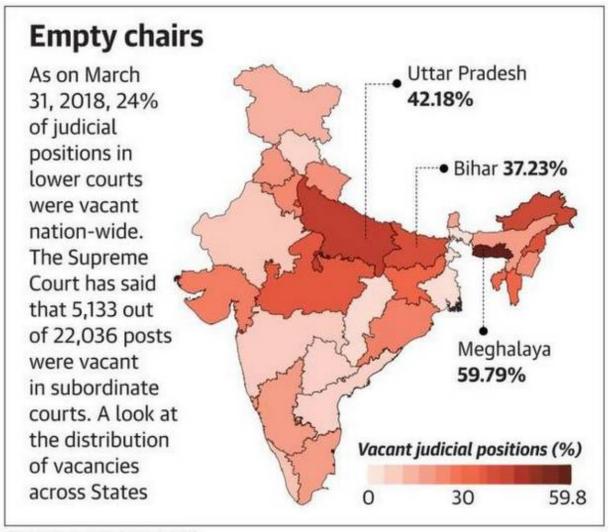
# **Vacancies in Lower Judiciary**

### Why in news?

Supreme Court had taken a serious note of the huge vacancies of judges in the lower judiciary.

# What was the action of the 2 judge bench?

- The Supreme Court took suo motu cognizance of the problem due to the huge vacancies in subordinate courts across India.
- The bench exercised the extra-ordinary powers of the top court under Article 142 under the Constitution.
- Under this provision SC directed all the 24 high courts and 36 states and Union Territories to apprise it of issues like vacancies
- Supreme Court asked the High Courts to submit reports soon on
- 1. Recruitment processes undertaken by them in appointments
- 2. schedule followed
- 3. measures needed to expedite it
- 4. Infrastructural requirements.
- In the lower judiciary about 24% of judicial posts were vacant nation-wide.



SOURCE: RAJYA SABHA Q&A

- A record 2.5 crore cases are pending in lower courts.
- The time for a litigant to wrap up a case on an average exceeds 10 years.
- The Supreme Court recorded that there are a total of 22,036 posts in the district and subordinate judiciary, from district judges to junior civil judges, across the States.

#### What are the reasons for such vacancies?

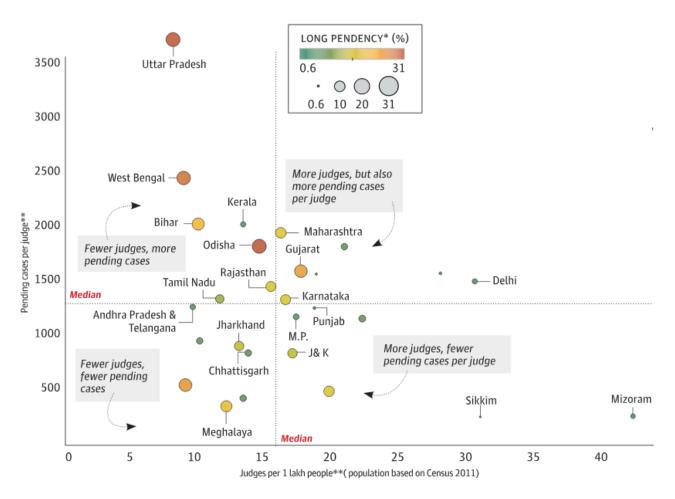
- The backlog in cases in subordinate courts are caused due to vacancies, lack of infrastructure and funding
- The source of the vacancy problem lay in poor infrastructure.
- There is no proper infrastructure provision from courtrooms to residences for judges.
- Further the appointment process is not conducted on time and prolongs the process to appoint the appropriate person.
- The Constitution has limited superintendence power over lower courts.
- The SC has no power over the lower courts.
- As high courts have remained lax, successive CJIs have also tried to deal with

the issue through judicial orders to states and HCs.

### What were the details asked by the Supreme Court?

- The Supreme Court in its order has sought information as to when the process for appointment into "Higher Judicial Service" and "Lower Judicial Service" had been initiated in various states.
- It also asked whether the process is expected to be completed within the schedule formulated by the Supreme Court in the Malik Mazhar Sultan vs U.P. Public Service Commission & Ors judgment.
- SC enquired whether the time expected to be taken to complete the ongoing process/processes can be shortened.
- The court stated that it would consider the cases of different States in four groups.
- The first group to be considered will be the States of Uttar Pradesh, Maharashtra, West Bengal, Delhi, Chhattisgarh, and the North-Eastern States.

## Bird's eye view of vacancies and cases pending



Source: The Hindu, Indian Express, Economic Times

