

# Daily Current Affairs Prelims Quiz 13-12-2024 (Online Prelims Test)

1) Consider the following statements with respect to the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (IEPFA)

- 1. It works under the aegis of the Ministry of Education.
- 2. It was established under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

#### Answer : b

## **Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (IEPFA)**

An MOU was recently signed between the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (IEPFA) and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (ACCA).

- Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (IEPFA) is entrusted with the *responsibility of administration of the Investor Education Protection Fund (IEPF).*
- It can make refunds of shares, unclaimed dividends, matured deposits or debentures and so on to investors and to promote awareness among investors about IEPF.
- It was established in 2016, under the provisions of section 125 of the *Companies Act, 2013*.
- IEPFA works under the aegis of the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA).
- Secretary to the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) is the Ex-officio-Chairperson of the IEPFA.
- IEPF is to be utilized for:
- The refund in respect of unclaimed dividends, matured deposits, matured debentures, the application money due for refund and interest.
- Promotion of investors' education, awareness and protection.
- Distribution of any disgorged amount among eligible and identifiable applicants for shares or debentures, shareholders, debenture-holders or depositors:
  - $^\circ\,$  Who have suffered losses due to wrong actions by any person, in accordance with the orders made by the Court which had ordered disgorgement.
- Reimbursement of legal expenses incurred in pursuing class action suits by members, debenture-holders or depositors as may be sanctioned by the Tribunal.
- **Memorandum of Understanding** Was signed between the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (IEPFA) and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (ACCA).
- **Objectives** To incorporate financial education into schools to foster a financial literacy culture that will help build a more robust economy and responsible investors.
- To create awareness on investor education, and investor protection to students.

- Equipping students with financial literacy to make wise choices and to create a generation that is prepared for the challenges that lie ahead and has financial stability.
- **Progress of the collaboration** It is a four-year partnership, in which IEPFA will facilitate the introduction of *Financial Education for You* (FEFY) in select schools (on pilot basis), spanning both urban and rural regions.
- *Financial Education for You* (FEFY) It is a four-year course by ACCA that targets schoolchildren in *grades from 6 to 9*.
- It aims to foster sound financial decision-making among young minds, thus laying a strong foundation for a future generation of informed investors.
- **Implementation** Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (ACCA) will provide digital content free of cost and offer professional training to school educators.
- The program is designed to be *highly interactive*, to drive behavioral change in financial decision-making among students.
- Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (ACCA) Founded in 1904 is a global professional accounting body that offers qualifications on accountancy and advancing standards in accountancy worldwide.
- 2) SAMPARK, sometimes seen in the news recently, is associated with?
  - a. Fund the Small and Medium Scale Food Processing Entrepreneurs.
  - b. Empower naval veterans to access healthcare benefits.
  - c. A voluntary scheme to approve service providers in the Travel Trade and Hospitality industry.
  - d. A scheme to identify skill gaps and address them.

Answer:b

### SAMPARK 4.0

# SAMPARK 4.0 was recently conducted in Maharashtra that aids to ensure the well-being of naval veterans and their families, particularly those residing in remote and inaccessible regions.

SHANKAR

- Launched By Indian Navy under the ECHS (Ex-Servicemen Contributory Health Scheme).
- **Objectives** It aims to foster a deeper sense of trust among veterans and their families.
- It *empower naval veterans to access healthcare benefits* efficiently and ensure no veteran is left without necessary care.
- Launch Date December 16, 2024.
- Locations A dedicated team of 1 officer and 5 sailors will visit ECHS Polyclinics in Thane, Nasik (Deolali), Aurangabad, Ahmednagar, Solapur, Kolhapur and Pune.
- Activities Conduct interactive sessions to educate veterans about healthcare services, entitlements, and procedures within ECHS, empowering them to access these benefits in a better manner.
- Facilitate direct communication with ECHS (Navy) officials.
- Address grievances related to accessing healthcare services.
- **About ECHS** Ex-Servicemen Contributory Health Scheme (ECHS) was launched in 2003 to provide *allopathic and AYUSH* Medicare to Ex-servicemen pensioner and their dependents.
- It is provided through a network of ECHS Polyclinics, Service medical facilities, Government hospitals and private hospitals.
- The Scheme has been structured on the lines *of Central Government Health Scheme* to ensure cashless transactions, for the patients and is financed by the Government of India.
- There are **427** *Polyclinics* (excluding 6 Polyclinics in Nepal) in 30 Regional Centers sanctioned by the Government.
- ECHS Polyclinics are designed to *provide* '*Out Patient Care*' which includes consultation, essential investigation and provision of medicines.

3) Consider the following statements with respect to the Athlete Biological Passport (ABP)

- 1. It is a tool to monitor athletes' biological markers over time to detect potential doping practices.
- 2. The Anti-Doping Administration and Management System (ADAMS) supports the implementation of the ABP.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer: c

### **Athlete Biological Passport (ABP)**

The World Anti-Doping Agency has granted approval for the National Dope Testing Laboratory (NDTL), to be an Athlete Passport Management Unit (APMU) to manage the Athlete Biological Passport (ABP).

- India is part of a group of the 17 APMUs approved by WADA worldwide.
- This milestone marks a significant achievement for India in advancing its anti-doping initiatives.
- India's APMU would serve the country as well as the anti-doping organizations of neighboring countries.
- Athlete Passport Management Unit (APMU) It is a specialized unit in the World Anti-Doping Agency (WADA), designed to manage and monitor athletes' biological passports.
- Athlete Biological Passport (ABP) It is a sophisticated anti-doping tool used to monitor athletes' biological markers over time to detect potential doping practices.
- Instead of identifying specific prohibited substances, the ABP focuses on finding the *physiological effects of doping such as insomnia, anxiety and weight Loss.*
- Key Features of ABP:
- **Biological Profiling** Monitors blood and steroidal variables for suspicious patterns in athletes over time to find doping.
- Haematological Module detects blood doping by monitoring red blood cell parameters.
- Steroidal Module tracks fluctuations in steroid profiles through urine samples.
- **Targeted Testing** Data from ABP guides the anti-doping agencies to conduct precise and efficient testing.
- **Management Framework** It is governed by the World Anti-Doping Agency (WADA) with comprehensive guidelines.
- It is integrated into WADA's Anti-Doping Administration and Management System (ADAMS) for seamless monitoring and data sharing.
- **Global Implementation** ABP is now an integral part of anti-doping programs worldwide, enhancing fairness and protecting clean athletes by discouraging doping practices through advanced scientific methods.