

Q Why are findings of Nagardhan excavations are important to understand Vakatah dynasty? Explain.

Archaeological excavations at Nagardhan near Nagpur have provided concrete evidence of the religious affiliations and trade practices of the Vakatah dynasty and also about Vakata ruler Chakrapati Prabhavishnu Gupta.

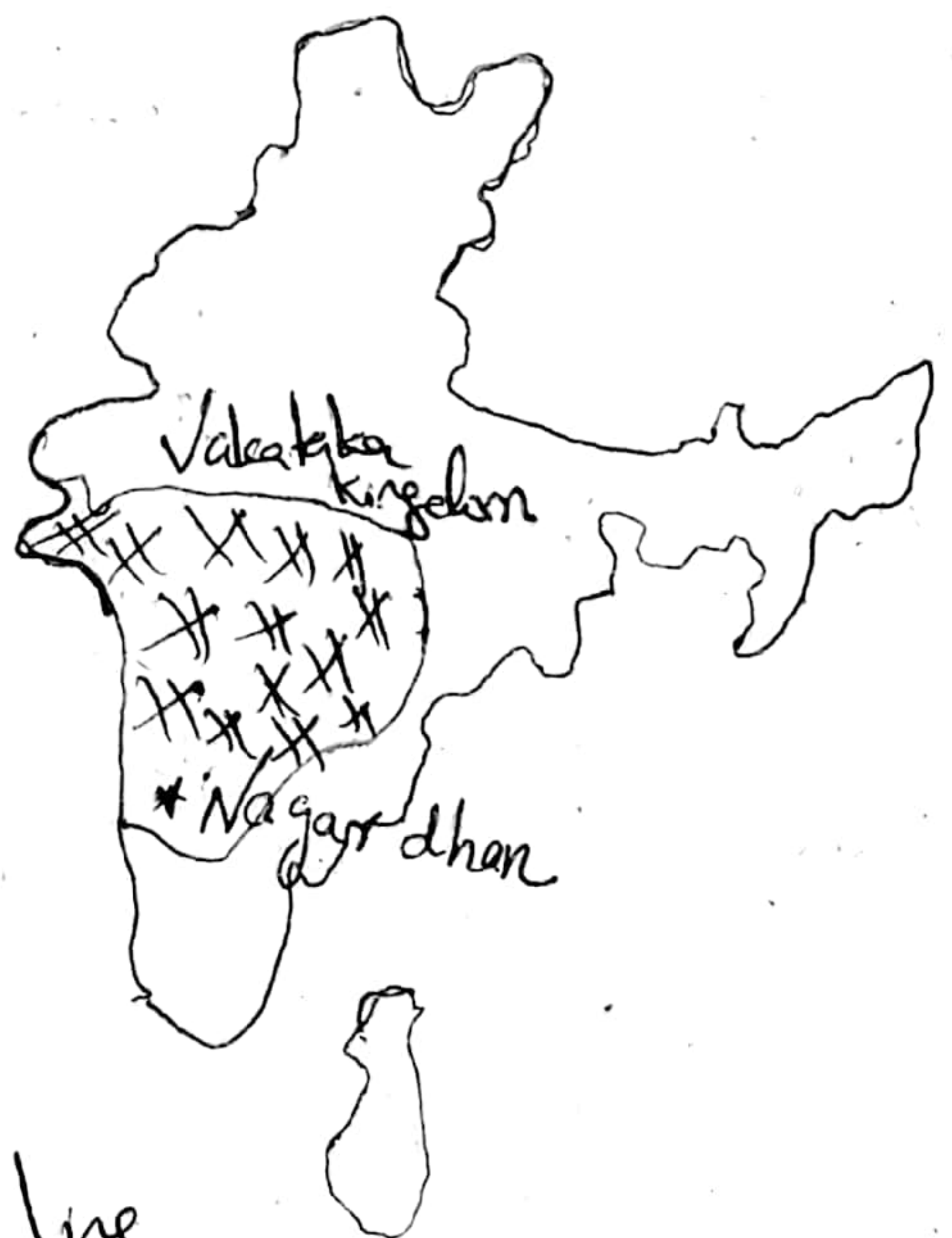
Key findings from Nagardhan:

1) Oval Shaped Sealing

Sealing bears the name Prabhavishnu in Devanagari script

2) Copper Plate issued by Queen

Scholars suggest that the Sealing should used as a Royal Permission used by ruler apart from its trading.



Vakataka dynasty

- 1) Deccan Rulers between 3rd and 5th Centuries
- 1) have matrimonial alliance with Gupta's, the Queen Pabavati - Gupta daughter of Chandragupta - II, queen of Kulva Sena - II
- 1) Shaivate Rulers and also patronage to buddhism
- 1) Elephant gods Commonly worshipped
- 1) Many Rock-cut buddhist Viharas built under the patronage of Vakataka Emperor Harisena
- 1) Nagardhan - Capital of Vakataka Kingdom
- 1) Queen Padmata Pabavati ruled for 10 years
- 1) Animal rearing is main occupation
- 1) In trade with Persia and Rome, the iron ore export flourish, the recent excavation of Copper plate and seal have related to royal orders and trade activities.

Archaeological excavation in the historical location should be held with great care, because these are our treasures, and each "Antique" have a unique role in history. All days remember one thing read the history is simple but create a history takes time.