

Date: 13-10-23 / Ch 2 } Ch 2 exercise
Ch 2

Q) Despite taking several steps, eliminating hunger and improving food security still remains a challenge. Discuss this in the context of the recently released Global Hunger index.

A) Global hunger index is too that measure track & hunger globally, region and country with calculated annually.

several steps, eliminating hunger
There are several steps taken by government for eliminating hunger and improving food security.

① Poshan Abhiyan

It's aim to achieve improvement in key nutrition parameters for both children and women.

Mid Day meal scheme

The mid day meal scheme is launch in school level for providing food to children under PM- POSHAN.

Pradhan Mantri Matru Vandana Yojana
In this yojana to provide nutrition food to pregnant women.

Food fortification

In food fortification, adding some micro-nutrients (vitamins) to food.

National food security act 2013 (NFSR)

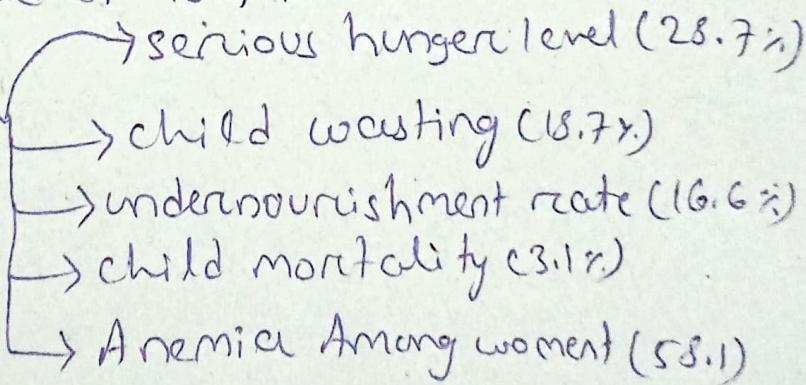
Food security globally is to ensure that all people at all time should get access to the basic food for their active and healthy life.

zero hunger programme

It is under go sustainable goals & It's aim to creating world free of hunger by 2030.

- India rank 111 out of 186 125 countries in UNH 2023
- Afghanistan, Haiti and 12 sub-saharan countries performed worse than India.
- India Score 28.7. on point scale.
- UNH score based on four indicators i.e. under-nutrition, child stunting, child wasting and child mortality etc.
- UNH is prepared by European NGOs of concern worldwide.
- the rate of under-nutrition in India stood at 16.6 percent and under-five mortality at 3.1 percent and anemia in women (15-49 years) stood at 58.1%.
- India also has the highest child wasting rate in the world at 18.7 percent

Hunger in India
(recent data)



In summary of it is said that

India's ranking underscores. It remains critical need to comprehensively tackle these issues, especially child wasting and under-nutrition to ensure the well-being of the nation's population.