

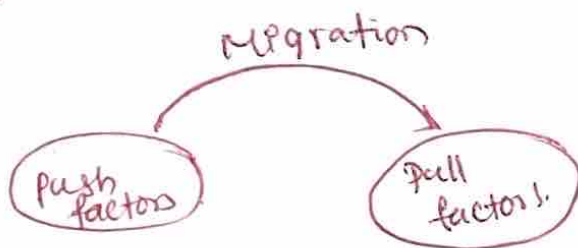
# UPSC

Answer Questions in NOT MORE THAN the Word Limit specified for each in the Parenthesis.  
(Specimen Answer Booklet - For Practice Purpose Only)

05/10/2022  
write anything except the question number in this space  
कुछा इस स्थान में प्रश्न संख्या के अतिरिक्त कुछ न लिखें।

① Cross-Border migration is a global crisis. Discuss the Reasons and challenges associated with it and suggest measures to deal with the crisis.

Cross-Border migration <sup>is</sup> the people movement caused by internal factors of the country and movement to other countries nearer and safer.



[fig 1]

Reason

Reasons for the Cross Border Migrations

- ① Internal human rights violations  
eg: East Pakistan (present Bangladesh), Myanmar, Afghanistan etc.
- ② economic crisis / job purpose  
eg: Vietnam
- ③ Internal discrimination  
eg: Indian Caste discrimination

- ④ war scenario  
eg: Ukraine
- ⑤ food security problems  
eg: Africa
- ⑥ Climate changes / vulnerable clima-  
-tic condition  
eg: Bangladesh

## Challenges faced by Migrants

- ① discrimination in the new society
  - ② low acceptance in the society
  - ③ NO / minor Governmental Support
  - ④ Lack of job due to migration.
  - ⑤ Homeless and poor surrounding
  - ⑥ formation of slums
  - ⑦ NO accurate migrants data
  - ⑧ internal security threat
- } Challenges faced  
by government



## Suggestions and measures to deal with the crisis

① Favourable jobs production from government side and improve investors investment in the country

eg: subsidies for the investors encourage to invest

② Proper infrastructures and precise tools for climate changes

eg: Minimal infra at hilly areas will decrease the human loss

③ proper rules and judiciary for the human rights and discrimination.

eg: Indian fundamental rights

④ proper food storage and alert when the crisis appears.

It is important for the neighbouring countries to behave ~~human~~ <sup>ethical</sup> and moral at the emergency situations at the same time with proper security in the country and treat them as upcoming GDP increment assets than burdens.

20min