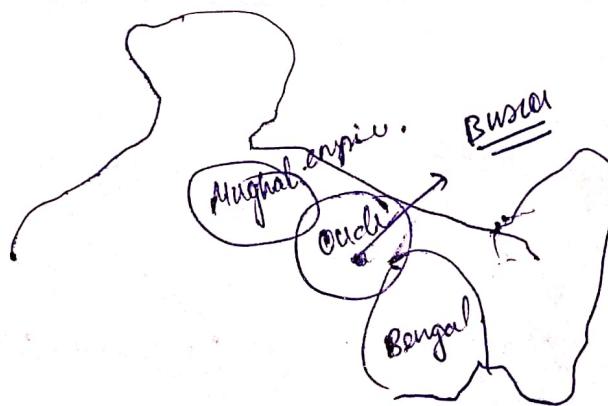


VSBECH

Battle of Buxar was one of the most decisive battles of Indian history for it demonstrated the superiority of English and made Bengal as their power centre. Elaborate Ground.

Battle of Buxar

Battle of Buxar, 1764 was one of the important decisive battles fought between British and Indian Ruler. The ruler were Shah Alam II of mughal empire, Shujau ud Daula of Oudh, Mir Qazim of Bengal.



Causes

- 1) The Nawab of Bengal Mir Qazim found misuse of 'dastak' - farman - order to free trade by British Company by its merchant themselves.
- 2) Another local zamindar refused to file return account to Nawab & supported by British officials at patna
- 3) This was loss of reverence to Nawab also a challenge

to his power. So, he did convey with 'Dastak' to the other named regions from Shazaffarn to Mongolia which was expected by British.

War

- 1) Fought between Mir Qajim & ruler of Awadh and Shah Alam II. On Buxar near Bihar and the company army led by Victor Munro.
- 2) War favoured Victor Munro, defeated the army and ended with Treaty of Allahabad 1765.

Outcome

- 1) Established supremacy of British company power in India. Company established puppet rule in Bengal and obtained Bijnamati & Durrani revenue rights, from Mughal emperor.
- 2) Mughal emperor became 'rubber stamp' of British to get 'farman' favourable to British.
- 3) Awadh was maintained buffered state to prevent attack from Afghans rulers Abdali. Thus, British established power of British in India.

