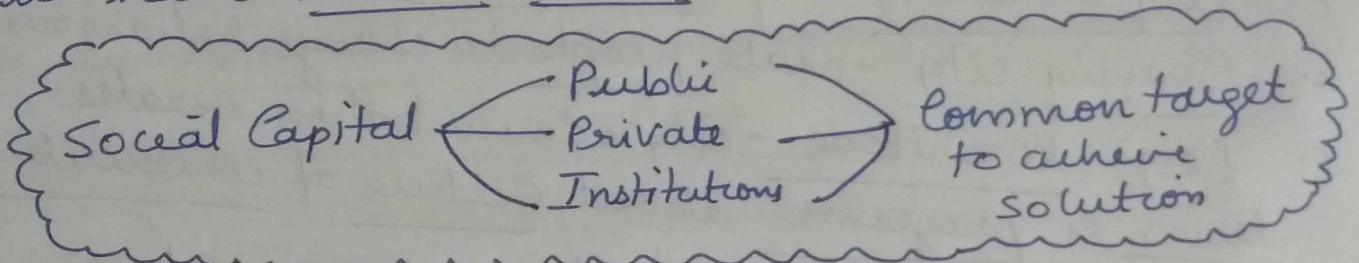


1. How social capital can help deal with outcomes of the pandemic in better ways? Explain.

Social capital is an investment of collection of people's common interest, awareness, to have inter-relationship, articulate idea, discuss to have a better solution for the management of issues in day-to-day problems to have better society and place to live.



Flow chart Explanation:

1. Partnership of stakeholders like public (govt) institutions like NGO, private sector
2. Has a common target and have dependence on all factors of achievement
3. Consolidate for benefit of society as a whole

Population issues addressed:

1. Health and basic necessity can be given importance through pooling effort
2. Fund creation, Idea creation in COVID situation for benefit of phase of demography
3. (e.g) NGO gave more than 30 crore to Senior Homes as per Ministry of Finance

Unemployment in COVID-19:

1. The society when gathered can give employment opportunities for unemployed.
2. Small cottage industries for unemployed in MSME
3. (e.g) Government gave ₹10,000 loan as PM SVANidhi from people's tax money

Children nutrition :

1. Food can be given by people to rural children
2. Schools closed - hence no mid day meal issue is addressed through people's joint effort :
3. (e.g) Agarthuli Foundation gave 4-day meals to Milgiri Tribal children during pandemic.

Weaker sections crises in COVID pandemic:

1. Women, disabled people grave disaster indulged in pandemic
2. Come cases increased - NCRB data
3. Counselling and funding at door step is done by Govt organisations at various minority districts (e.g) Odisha

Illiter Poverty crises COVID-19:

1. Migrants faced grave situation - loss of jobs
2. Family faced poverty at native villages.
3. Government - part of social capital - PM Haris Kalyan Yojana - Rice, Wheat, pulses

Future Prospects: 1. International funds to be utilized

2. Joining hands of people and UNO should be increased