

Q. A judicious blend of public and private investments is essential to meet the capital required for financing sustainable agriculture. Explain.

Ans: → The Agriculture sector accounts for 10% Green House Emission in India as per Indian Network for Climate Change (INCCA), even as India has revised its NDC to reduce emission intensity by 45% from 2005 by 2030.

For this, India needs to adopt sustainable agriculture by adapting climate smart agriculture.

→ Commitment of net-zero emission.

Measures for sustainable agriculture

(1) → Green finance on agriculture and related activities

(2) Development of High Yield Varieties (HYV) seeds.

- (3) Encouragement of multi-crop culture and cultivation by incentivising other crops.
- (4) Reducing dependence on water intensive crop by diversifying area of cultivation of water intensive crops. thereby reducing water pollution
- (5) Calibrated encouragement for organic and natural farming to reduce pollution
- (6) Avoid green washing by taking regulatory measure. SEB has issued disclosure guidelines in this direction
- (7) Roping in private players for the development of green technology
- (8) Collaboration with developed countries like Israel, Denmark to support sustainable agriculture.

So India need to strategise its agriculture sectors for sustainable agriculture and to achieve its Panchamrit Gral