

Q

Do you think that the Centre should accept Telecom Regulatory Authority's of India's proposal for promoting broadband connectivity? Explain.

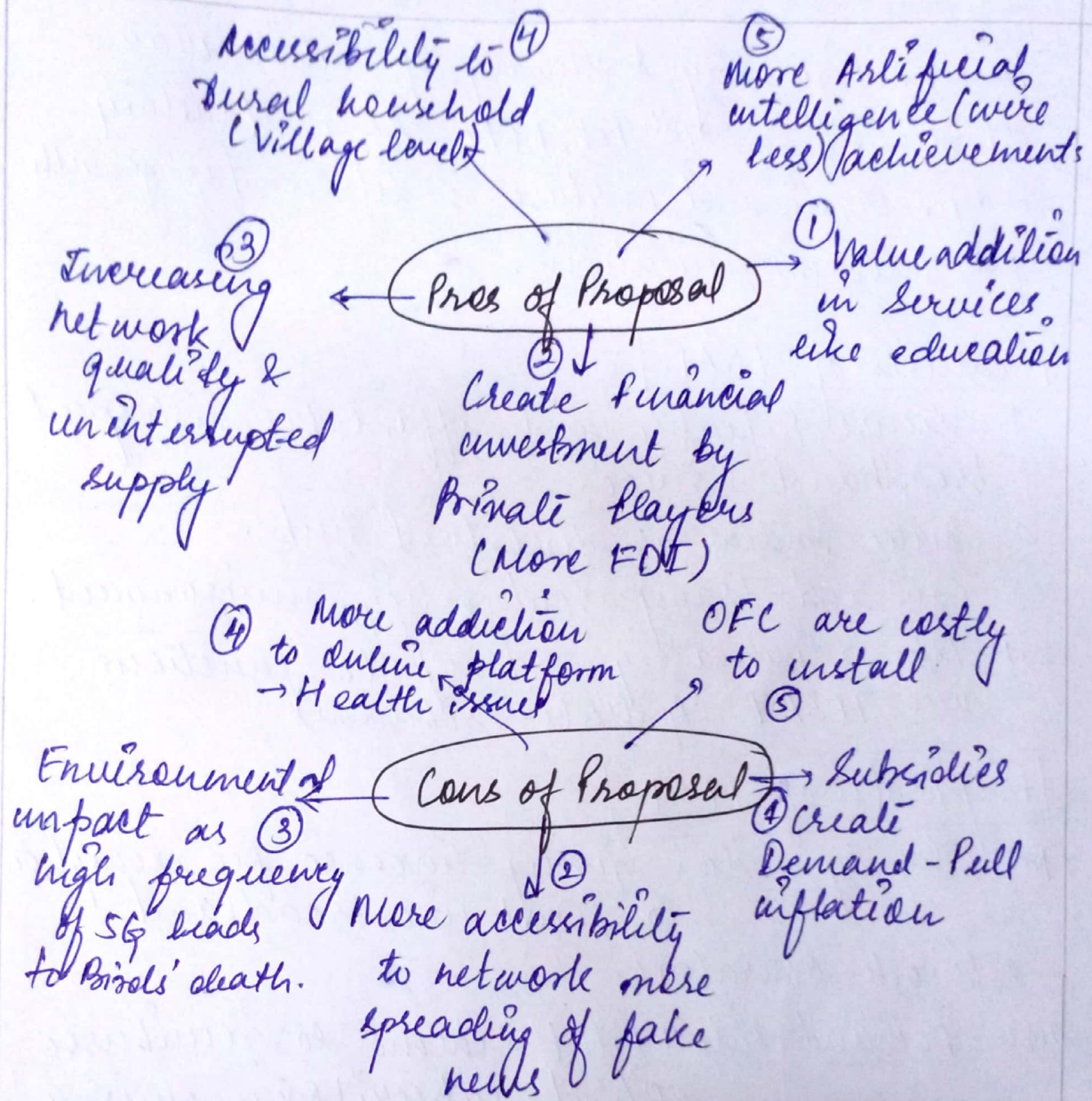
Telecom Regulatory Authority of India was established on 20th Feb, 1997. As a statutory body, create and nurture condition for growth for telecommunication.

Features of TRAI

1. Secure, Reliable and affordable high speed broadband service.
2. Make India as digitalised hub.
3. Fair and transparent policy environment.
4. Take adjudicatory and disputes functions via TDSAT (Appellate Tribunal)

Proposals of TRAI

1. On supply side: Giving license fee exemption to fixed-line broadband network operators.
2. On demand side: Pilot scheme to reimburse 50% of subscription charges. ₹200 per month per subscriber.
3. Laying of optical fibre cable for stream-line digital communication.
4. Web-based national portal for functioning properly without deficit leakage.
5. Setting minimum and maximum speed of network supply (≥ 2 Mbps and 50 Mbps)
6. Ensure quality service line supply with average speed of 10 Mbps.



On one side, it make India reliable and secure in terms of Telecommunication networking, but on the other way creating a graveyard economy full & environmental damage. We can go by proposals of TRAI only using it sustainable and cost-effective manner.