

In 2015, Paris Climate Agreement was signed to restrict global rise in temperature ~~to~~ <sup>within</sup> 2°C if possible within 1.5°C as well based on 'Common but differentiated responsibility' which is based on a ~~country's~~ country's contribution to global warming.

Many developed countries like Australia, EU, New Zealand have pledged achieving Carbon neutrality by mid-Century as part of their obligation.

What is carbon neutrality?

It is an act where of balancing carbon emission either by removing  $\text{CO}_2$  ~~or~~ or by reducing  $\text{CO}_2$  emissions.

Should India follow this?

1. Since the phenomena of global warming is caused by industrial emissions achieved by western industrial countries.

2. On the other hand India's contribution to global  $\text{CO}_2$  is less than 3.5% prior to 1990 levels itself.

3. India ~~has~~ is one of top emitter of  $\text{CO}_2$  as a country but per capita  $\text{CO}_2$  emission stand at 1.9 tonnes, world average is 4.1 tonnes, US & Australia individual per capita is 16 tonnes

4. Even though these efforts are ~~useless~~ useful the western countries has achieved remarkable growth & development

5. India's per capita is low because of high poverty rate and low development

India should not risk its development agenda but at the same time global warming is global phenomena affecting all there requires 'balanced, common but differential approach'. India should perceive its domestic & global aspiration in line with paris agreement.