

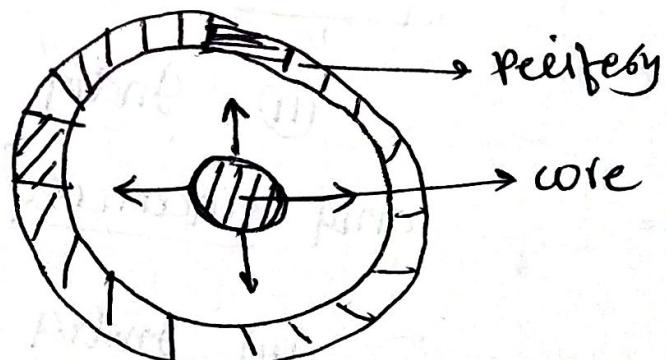
Indian health care system is highly centralised, with corners of the country remain isolated from health care infrastructure. Remote patient monitoring system can solve the issue.

Remote patient monitoring (RPM)  
is the availability of health care monitoring through man-power or technology at the remote area of the country.

The diagram shows that from core areas like Nagpur,

Chennai, Delhi etc to corner cities

called perifer → monitoring should be effective.



It can solve the problem

specially chronic health care which account  
53% of global death in India such as cancer

Respiratory diseases, Blood sugar and Blood  
pressure etc.

These diseases can be handled at early  
stages but due to lack of availability of profes-  
sionals [1400:1  $\Rightarrow$  patient : doctor] the monitoring  
is nil.

effective monitoring can ensure

① Treatment at early stage and mitigate  
accumulated cost [out of pocket] and reduces chances  
of pandemic.

② Patient's awareness, responsibility and  
accountability can be enhanced through regular  
checkup and reports.

③ As dependency of patient like senior  
citizens, differently abled make them vulnerable  
monitoring is especially effective for them.

Government of India is taking steps in this regard like

① Digital health mission with National health profile will provide data linkage between → doctor — patient and government for monitoring.

② ASHA, ANM and Anganwadi workers does remote monitoring like

a) tracking pregnant mothers for girl child and institutional delivery through monitoring benefits.

b) Tracking TB Patient.

③ Community participation in AIDS monitoring.  
Health monitoring is equally important with health treatment which can enhance development, reduce poverty and achieve SDG targets.