

Analyze the right to be forgotten in the light of recent judgement by judiciary?

Recent judgement:-

Karnataka government recently upheld the concept of right to be forgotten. This legally allows the individual to remove the personal <sup>right</sup> information from internet. This law <sup>has</sup> ~~is~~ followed in western countries.

Its implication:-

As the world is going digital this law should be analyzed deeply. Right to be forgotten <sup>mostly</sup> has come up to the discussion in the recent <sup>months</sup> years in India. It increases privacy of the people and it also paves way for the "right to dignified life" under article 21. Because <sup>about a person</sup> some times wrong information may come on internet.

This will affect his dignified life. But at the same time this also affects the "Right to information" a fundamental right. Because if right to forgotten is used in a wrong way it will damage all the information that now people are able to access in the internet very freely.

Thus it may evade the basic right of the people. So <sup>only</sup> the Court has asked the government to examine this law. But intellectuals are saying that this would affect the free information access of the people through Internet.

This right may also make the people to remove all the information on the internet and this would affect the whole internet ecosystem (or) digital ecosystem. That's why search engine companies like Google are not favouring this right.

### Conclusion:-

But Right to be forgotten is also a basic right of the people so the government should strike a balance between right to be forgotten and the right to information. after thorough examination